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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

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Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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INSURE WITH
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THE JUPITER
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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Congress Puts Britain To Test

Nazi Campaign Against Turkey

ALLEGATIONS IN WHITE BOOK

Soviet Ambassador Confers With Von Papen Before Sailing For Moscow

ISTANBUL, July 8.

Before sailing from Istanbul this morning 'en route' to Moscow, M. Terntieu, the Soviet Ambassador, conferred for over an hour with Herr Von Papen, the German Ambassador.

Political circles attach considerable importance to the meeting. Herr Von Papen has curtailed his stay at Bosphorous, the summer resort and is returning to Ankara to-night.

NAZI ATTACK ON TURKEY

Some observes are apprehensive at M. Terntieu's unexpected departure for Moscow, as they fear that the publication of the German White Book alleging that Turkey had connived in an eventual Allied attack on Russian oil fields may imperil friendly relations between Turkey and Russia.

It is emphasised here Turkey has scrupulously abstained from fostering any anti-Soviet action. —Reuter.

KING HAAKON WILL NOT OBLIGE!

Refuses To Abdicate According To Order Of Quislings

LONDON, July 8

The King of Norway has refused the request to abdicate made by members of the Presidential Board of Norway acting under German influence.

King Haakon replied "the freedom ad independence of the Norwegian people is the first commandment of our constitution, and I follow this commandment and serve the interests of the Norwegian people by holding fast by the position and task, which a free people gave me in 1905.

If such conditions could be created in Norway that would permit me and the Government to return to continue our work in liberty. We would immediately do so. The obvious condition for such a step would be that all foreign military forces should leave the country."—Reuter.

U. S. Cotton Acreage

BOMBAY, July 8.

The first official estimate of the Agricultural Department of the U. S. A. about the area of cotton cultivation for 1940-41 season was published to-day and the return of 25,077,000 acres under cultivation was construed slightly bullish. The acreage estimate is 101.6 per cent. of the revised figures for the last season.

Cotton traders all over the world are usually keen about this report as it provides them a basis for calculating the probable size and the eventual yield. This time markets were not greatly influenced, as price movement in either way mainly depend upon European war developments.

City cotton markets remained closed during the night session. In Liverpool, October contract closed higher by three points. New York, however, displayed rallying tendency on general buying and speculative covering.

HUGE TOLL OF VICTIMS ON "ARANDON STAR"

LONDON, July 8.

It is disclosed to-night that 1,843 Germans and 470 Italians went down when "Arandon Star" was torpedoed on July 2.—Reuter.

Indo-British Settlement Only On Basis Of Independence

Congress Resolution Not A Party Demand: Rajen Babu Explains Delhi Lead

No Optimism In Simla Circles

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, luly 8.

No definite indications of Government's policy are expected to be available before the views of Mr. Jinnah and others on the Congress resolution are known. The stereotyped reply which one receives in official circles is that the Working Committee's resolution will be carefully considered by the authorities. In Simla there is general appreciation of the tone of the resolution and the manner in which the Congress demands have been stated, though various comments are offered on the latter.

The practical issue which now emerges is the constitution of the proposed Provisional Government at the Centre. The inference which one inevitably draws from Gandhiji's article in the "Harijan" is the Viceroy has in view only an enlargement of the present Executive Council. On the other hand the olive branch now offered by the Congress is the proposal for the setting up a National Government which commands the confidence of all elected elements in the Central Legislature and closest co-operation with Responsible Governments in the provinces. This demand has been so worded as to make it acceptable to all political parties in the country, for the National Government contemplated by the resolution is not Government by the majority party, but one which is supported by "all elected elements". All that the Viceroy has to do is to call leaders of all parties in the Central Legislature and entrust them with the task of forming a Cabinet which enjoys the confidence of all elected elements.

Hopes in Congress circles appear to be that this transitional scheme for effective organization of defence by a popular and responsible Government which eliminates all political differences for the time being will be generally welcomed in the country, not only by non-Congress parties but by non-official Europeans also.

One does not find, however, much optimism in Simla that the Viceroy will be prepared to go further than merely to enlarge his Cabinet by adding three or four non-officials. Final decision as to whether the Viceroy will proceed to enlarge his Cabinet irrespective of the Congress attitude is said to depend on the response from the Muslim League, Hindu Sabha, Princes, etc., whose representatives have also met the Viceroy. Connected with it is also the question of appointment of non-official advisers to Governors of Provinces where there are no Ministries now functioning.

It is anticipated that the expansion of the Viceroy's Cabinet will be soon followed by the latter step in the provinces.

ARMISTICE COACH REACHES BERLIN

BERLIN, July 8.

The historic railway coach of Compiegne has reached Berlin and will be placed in the Anhalter Railway station, until Hitler decides its permanent site.—Reuter.

DOMINION STATUS' WILL NOT DO

Rajen Babu Explains Congress Demand

LAHORE, July 8.

Clarifying the Working Committee's resolution Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that the Congress had demanded from the British Government to declare India as an independent country. If the first part of the resolution was not conceded there would be no change in the position of the Congress.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said: "So long as the right is recognised adjustment can be made for the transitional period, but the declaration must be made in so many words now."

Q. Is not Dominion Status of Westminster variety equivalent to complete independence?

A. No.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that if a declaration for complete independence was not made, the second part of the resolution, namely, the formation of National Government in the Centre, would "ipso facto" fall through. If, however, the British Government acceded to the demand of the Congress, a Constituent Assembly would frame a constitution for the country.

The National Government would be only for the transitional period, and in this Government, all parties would be represented.

The Congress had not demanded anything for one particular party, but had asked for independence for the whole country. The first thing, therefore, was a settlement between British Government on one side and the people of India on other side. When that question had been settled, adjusments of internal differences could be made.

Asked if the Congress would do anything by way of organising the defence of the country, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that defence was not a matter, which could be managed by any private organisation. It was for those who were in power.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad is expected to leave for Patna tomorrow evening.—A. P.

RAJEN BABU AND THE NEXT STEP

LAHORE, July 8.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad who is on a private visit to Lahore, in an interview to the 'United Press' said:

"There is always a possibility of civil disobedience being started if there is reason to do so; but when and how it will be started it is difficult to say."

His attention being drawn to a question whether the Working Committee will be willing to constitute National Governments in the Provinces also as advocated by Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said:

"The Working Committee had come to its decision without any extraneous influence. A solution of the impasse as given in the Working Committee resolution which contemplates a solution as between the people of India on the one hand and the British Government on the other. If the Government agrees to our demand the possibility of National Governments in the Provinces also can be discussed."

Babu Rajendra Prasad denied a report recently published about his resignation from the Working Committee, and said:

"Differences of opinion as have come about between the Working Committee and Gandhiji on the question of non-violence are of a fundamental nature, but they don't in any way tell on the relation between the Working Committee and Gandhiji".—United Press.

Mahatma Points To Heaven!

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, July 8.

"You can tell me if there is any news from Delhi", said Gandhiji when asked about the possibility of acceptance of the Working Committee resolution by the Viceroy.

In reply to another question as to whether he was optimistic about the outcome of his interview with the Viceroy, he simply pointed to the heavens.

Inquired by me as to whether the article in the "Harijan" invites the formation of non-Congress Ministries in the Congress Provinces, Gandhiji signified negatively.

Gandhiji is observing silence. He passed through Nagpur 'en route' Wardha. A large crowd was present for 'darshan'.

UNDER HIS MAJESTY'S COMMAND

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, July 8.

As His Imperial Majesty King Emperor of India has given command for withdrawal of permission previously granted for wearing by British subjects of German and Italian decorations and medals. It has been ordered that such permission should be regarded as cancelled.

PLEA FOR CLEMENCY TO DHONDY

Hannen Swaffer's Suggestion In 'Daily Herald'

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 8.

Mr. Dhondy has been lodged in Bedford Prison and as no further appeal has been filed against his conviction it is suggested that steps should be taken to make representations to the "Home Secretary 'for extension of clemency' as was shown to Mr. Essay by Cambridge Assizes.

Pleading in support of this suggestion Mr. Hannen Swaffer points out in to-day's 'Daily Herald' that the Indian community in England is seriously concerned over this case.

Mr. Swaffer adds: "At a time when we are trying to settle the Indian question it is certainly worthy of attention".

I understand that Mr. Essay has resumed his studies in the London School of Economics at Peter House College, Cambridge.

No Break Of Relations Yet

French Embassy In London Has No Instructions

LONDON, July 8.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns from Official French cicles in Lodon that the French Embassy this morning had still not received any information from their Government regarding the breaking off of diplomatic relations between France and Great Britain.

The correspodent adds that it is difficult to understand this as delay in telegraphic communication does average more than 24 hours.—

Charge d'Affaires Calls At Foreign Office

LONDON, July 8.

"Reuter" learns that the French Charge d'Affaires called at the Foreign Office to-day and confirmed the withdrawal of the French Embassy from London to France.—

POSITION TO BE CLARIFIED

The British Government will reply to the French communication, and pending the French Government's consideration of the reply, the exact position regarding relations between the British and French Governments has yet to be clarified. For practical reasons, it is believed that the departure of the French Embassy is not likely to be immediate. Authoritative British quarters express regret that the French Government thought it necessary to take such a step.—Reuter.

JAWAHAR CLARIFIES

NEW DELHI, July 8.

Congress affairs in Delhi Province and appealed to Congressmen.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, speaking at the public meeting maintained that there was nothing inconsistent in the resolution adopted by the Working Committee yesterday and the Ramgarh resolution. The Congress still adhered to the demand for a Constituent Assembly to frame India's constitution. However since it would take long time to summon such an Assembly, the Working Committee had as an immediate step to meet emergent conditions demanded formation of a provisional National Government at the Centre as a transitory measure. Pandit Nehru thought that the solution contained in the Working Committee's resolution was one which should be readily acceptable to the British Government.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

R. A. F. GETS BUSY

LONDON, July 8.—The Air Ministry annouces that on Sunday night R. A. F. bombers attacked targets of military importance at Ludwigshafen and Frankfort.

The Coastal Command aircraft attacked an enemy supply vessel in Boulogne harbour and the port of Ostend, when a large enemy supply ship was hit. All our aircraft returned safely.—Reuter.

BRITAIN READY TO MEET NAZIS

LONDON, July 8.

It is stated authoritatively in London that nine divisions had been brought back from Dunkirk and have now been reorganised and brought up to full strength. Our army is in excellent alert and military experts are convinced that it would be able to destroy any enemy attempting to invade our country.

Mahatma On Spirit Behind Delhi Offer

Appeal To Whitehall Not To Reject Hand Of Friendship

WARDHAGANJ, July 8.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement on the Congress Working Committee's resolution:—

I have just seen the news that the Working Committee's fateful resolution has been released to the press. It was passed in my presence, but I wanted to say nothing before it was actually released for publication.

It will be a profound mistake to suppose that members passed five solid days in wrangling. They had to discharge a heavy responsibility.

Though logically the resolution is no departure from the Ramgarh resolution, it is an undoubted departure for its spirit. The letter often remains constant, the spirit changes.

Upto now for one reason or another Congress policy was: No participation in the war except for moral influence that the Congress can exercise if the vital demand was satisfied of Britain's own free will. Such was not the position of all members of the Working Committee. Hence at critical moments every member had to make up his or her mind independently of the rest. The five days were days of tremendous heart searching.

TEST OF FAITH.

I had produced a draft resolution, which almost all thought was the best, if they could bring to bear a living belief in non-violence, through and through or if they could truthfully say that such was the belief of their constituencies. Some had neither and some had individually the required faith.

ABDUL GAFFAR KHAN RETIRES

"Only Khan Saheb (Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan) was clear so far as his own faith and that of his beloved Khudai Khidmatgars were concerned. So he had decided even after the last Wardha resolution that he had no place in the Congress. He had a special mission and a special duty to his followers. So the Working Committee gladly permitted him to retire from the Congress. By retiring he will serve the Congress all the more as I hope to do. Who knows that those of us, who retire may not be able to give our comrades the faith they seem, for the moment, to have lost.

"Rajaji was the framer of the resolution. He was as certain of his position as I was of mine.

RAJAJI'S PRIZE

His persistency, courage and utter humility brought him converts. Sardar Patel was his greatest prize. He would not have even thought of bringing up his resolution, if I had chosen to prevent him. But I give my comrades the same credit for earnestness and self-confidence that I claim for myself. I had long known that we were drifting away from each other in our outlook upon political problems that face us. We will not allow me to say that his was a departure from 'Ahimsa'. He claims that his very 'Ahimsa' has led him to a point, which culminated in his resolution.

He thinks that I suffer from obsession owing to too much brooding on 'Ahimsa'. He almost thinks that my vision is blurred.

It was no use my returning the complement though half joking, I did.

I have no proof, save my faith, to question his counter-faith. That is evidently absurd. I could not carry the Committee with me at Wardha and so I got my absolution. I at once saw as clear as daylight that if my position was not acceptable Rajaji's was the only real alternative. I, therefore, encouraged him to persist in his effort though all the while. I held him to be hopelessly in the wrong. And by exemplary patience, skill and considerateness towards his opponents he got a good majority, five remaining neutral. I had a fearful moment.

Generally such resolutions are not carried by a majority vote. But at this juncture unanimity was not to be expected. I advised that Rajaji's resolution should be enforced. And so at the last moment the Committee decided that the resolution should go forth to the world.

"It was necessary for the public to have this background to the tremendous step the Committee have taken for good or ill. Those Congressmen, who have living faith in the non-violence of the strong will naturally abstain. For the moment, however, what they can do is wholly irrelevant.

TASK BEFORE COUNTRY

Rajaji's resolution represents the considered policy of the Congress.

Non-Congressmen, who were eager for the Congress to be free of my religious bias to adopt a purely political attitude should welcome the resolution and support it wholeheartedly. So should the Muslim League and even the Princes, who think of India more than their principalities.

WHAT WILL BRITAIN DO?

The British Government have to make their choice. Independence they cannot withhold unless their wisdom is as much blurred as Rajaji claims that mine is.

If independence is recognised, the acceptance of the other part of the resolution follows as a matter of course.

The question is do they want to impress help from India by virtue of their rulership over India or will they have the help that free and independent India can give. My individual advice has already gone.

My help always has been promised. Acceptance of that advice can but enhance their heroism. But if they cannot accept it, I advise as a disinterested but staunch friend that the British Government should not reject the hand of friendship offered by the Congress.—A. P.

'REALISTIC AND PRACTICAL'

MADRAS, July 8.

Commenting on the Congress Working Committee's resolution the Hindu says:—the British Government, on the one hand, and non-Congress organisations like the Muslim League, on the other, owe it to the country to give the most serious consideration to the Congress proposal, which is the only realistic and practical suggestion that has so far been put forward by any responsible organisation for a solution of the political impasse. They will not find it easy to evolve a better or more workable alternative.

The Indian Express says:—for conciseness, dignity and insight, there is hardly any past resolution of the Congress Working Committee on the war to compare with the decision reached at New Delhi on Sunday.—A. P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". If repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted—A handsome bride, virgin or widow, aged 18-20 years, education upto English 4th or 5th Standards. No caste restrictions, but vegetarian preferred. For a Deccani Brahmin bachelor, aged 30 years, of strong physique, qualifications passed Matric. Working as a traveller for a well-known English Company. Monthly earning Rs. 175. Apply in writing to the below address. Correspondence kept confidential. Apply No. 13397, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Crossword Puzzle Expert and Live Canvassers. Apply with full particulars. Advertisement Box No. 13407, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted thoroughly experienced Draughtsman outstation. Salary 100|125. Apply "Daboo", Fourth floor, Ismail Bldg., 381 Hornby Road, Bombay. (13403)

Vacancies.—Vacancies exist in the following categories of workmen employed in M. T. Workshops. Only First Class Men will be considered and in the case of Fitters, they must be capable of diagnosing faults in M.T. Vehicles and be able to rectify them. Categories of workmen: M. T. Fitters, M. T. Electricians, Blacksmiths, Tinsmiths. Applications should be submitted to the S.O.M.E., I.A.O.C. Workshops, Colaba, Bombay. (2931)

Wanted for the Municipal Girls' High School, Muzaffarnagar, a lady teacher to teach Drawing. Applications should reach the undersigned by 20th July, 1940 and should state qualifications, experience, religion, age, residence and the minimum pay acceptable. Teacher with U. P. qualifications would be preferred. Music would be an additional qualification. Tarawati, Chairwoman, Girls' Education Committee, Municipal Board, Muzaffarnagar, U P. (2926).

Wanted a B.E. (Civil) or holder of other Architectural Diploma recognised by Bombay Municipality, to supervise building construction, repairs; whole-time job; minimum three years' practical experience essential; salary Rs. 80- per month. Only qualified, experienced persons need apply stating age, nationality, vernaculars known and details of experience, with copies of testimonials. Box 13389, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for re-conditioning of scrap white metal No. 5 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned not exceeding 5 lbs. each, can be purchased for test purposes from the District Controller of Stores, Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 28/- per cwt. Closing date 30-7-1940 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

2924.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on TUESDAY, the 9th July, 1940, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

MATHURADAS VISSANJI, Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 8th July, 1940.

(2933)

Legal Notices

IN THE SMALL CAUSES COURT. SHIKARPUR.

Suit No. 693 of 1939

Mr. THARUMAL P. MASSAND, Proprietor Capital Talkies Shikarpur.... ...Plaintiff.

Vs.

G. K. MAHETTA, residing at Gulam Rasul Terrace, Kings Circle Matunga, Bombay.... ...Defendant.

To,

The above defendant,

WHEREAS Plaintiff above named has filed suit for Rs. 213 against you, and whereas you can not be served by an ordinary way. This is to summon you by way of advertisement to appear and answer the claim on the 3rd September, 1940, at 7-30 a.m. In case of default the case will determined exparte.

Given under my hand and seal of the court, this 4th day of July 1940.

Seal of the Subordinate Civil Court of Shikarpur.

KHUSHIRAM SHAMDAS, Clerk of the Court, Shikarpur Sind.

2929.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted three experienced Chemists for a Chemical Factory. Apply immediately with full particulars, stating qualifications and past experience to Box No. 13393, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

To let premises suitable for Show Room, Office and Motor Repair Works at present occupied by Messrs. French Motor Car Co., Ltd. at New Queen's Road. For particulars and rent apply to The Svadeshi Mills Co., Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay. Brokers or Estate Agents need not apply. (2910)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted:—Experienced agents for Products of daily use on decent Salary and Commission. Apply: Setia Brothers, 2, Beadon Road, Lahore. (13388)

347. LOANS AND MORTGAGES

Rs. 40,000|- wanted at 5½% for five years on Leasehold property. No Brokers. Please write Box No. 13395, "Bombay Chronicle."

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HIS HIGHNESS MAHARAJA RAVAL SHRI SIR KRISHNA KUMAR SINHJI K.C.S.I. of Bhavnagar has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax tenure (since redeemed) together with the several messuages tenements and out-houses standing thereon, the principal messuages standing whereon are known as Somerset House and Somerset Annexe situate at Cumballa Hill, without the Fort and in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 21577.11 sq. yds. or thereabouts according to the Collector's Records but 21,595 sq. yds. on actual measurement and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 337, Collector's New No. A/2169, Old Survey No. 81, New Survey No.—Part of 10A/7131, and Cadastral Survey Nos. 1/699 and 1A/699 of Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill Division and the messuages and buildings whereon are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Taxes under D Ward Nos. 3515 (1) 3515 (2) and Street Nos. 61F and 61E Warden Road and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North partly by the property now or lately vested in the executors of the Will of Badrudin Tyabji and principal buildings standing whereon respectively are known as "Somerset Cottage" and "Somerset Lodge" partly by the portion of the Roadway thirdly hereinafter described beyond which is the property of Cassumali Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy and partly by the property hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the South partly by the property of His Highness Bhagwatisinhji Maharaja Saheb of Gondal and partly by the property known as the Bomanji Petit Parsee General Hospital, on or towards the East partly by the property now or lately vested in the executors of the late Badrudin Tyabji the principal building standing whereon is known as "Somerset Cottage" and partly by the property formerly of Dharamsey Morarji Goculdas and now of Strand Properties Limited, on or towards the West partly by the property now or lately vested in the executors of the late Badrudin Tyabji the principal building standing whereon is known as "Somerset Lodge" and partly by the property formerly of Tribhovandas Varjivandas and now of Khimchand Amerchand and Sunderlal Khimchand and partly by the property known as the Bomanji Petit Parsee General Hospital.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and tax tenure (since redeemed) used as a roadway together with a well thereon situate at Cumballa Hill without the Fort and in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2278 sq. yds. or thereabouts according to the Collector's Records but 2386 sq. yds. on actual measurement and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other property under Collector's Old No. 52, New No. 2169 Old Survey No. 81, New Survey No. part of 10/7131 and Cadastral Survey No. 700 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and bears no Ward or Street numbers being a private passage and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North partly by the property of Bai Jerbai N. P. Engineer and Nosherwanji P. Engineer partly by the property of Shamji Karamsey and partly by the property of Cassumali Jairajbhai Peerbhai, on or towards the South partly by the property formerly of Sir Jugmohandas Virjiwandas and now of Hooseinbhai Abdullabhai Lalji and Jafferbhai Abdullabhai Lalji and beyond that by the property of Khimchand Amerchand and Sunderlal Khimchand and partly by the property firstly described, on or towards the East partly by the property of Cassumali Jairajbhai Peerbhai and partly by the property thirdly described and on or towards the West partly by Warden Road partly by the property formerly of Sir Jugmohandas and now partly of Hooseinbhai Abdullabhai Lalji and Jafferbhai Abdullabhai Lalji and partly by the property of

Legal Notices

Khimchand Amerchand and Sunderlal Khimchand.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure (since redeemed) used as a portion of a roadway, situate at Cumballa Hill, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 548 sq. yds. or thereabouts according to the Collector's Records but 549 square yards on actual measurement registered along with other property in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 337, Collector's New No. A/2169, Old Survey No. 81, New Survey No....part of 10/A 7131 and Cadastral Survey No. 4/699 of Malabar and Cumballa Hills Division and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Taxes along with other property under D Ward No. 3517 (2) and Street No. 61E and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the other portion of the roadway being the property of Cassumali Jairajbhoy Peerbhai, on or towards the South partly by the property firstly described and partly by the property vested in the executors of the late Badrudin Tyabji, on or towards the East by the property formerly of Dharamsey Morarji Goculdas and now of Strand Properties Limited, and on or towards the West partly by the property firstly described and partly by the property secondly described.

Dated this 8th day of July, 1940

DASTUR & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys

(2932).

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ARDHANGI

(THE BETTER HALF)

17th WEEK

FROM TO-MORROW AT

NEW WEST END

Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 Every Tues. Thurs. ZANANA Show at 1-30 P. M.

Civic Guards With Smart Uniforms

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Civic Guards who started functioning in the City from Saturday evening are a smart set of men. One Saturday a batch of 58 was selected after a medical examination at St. George's Hospital.

These men are all well to do people mostly working in offices, having private means and bearing good English education.

With the impressive uniform that is designed for their wear, consisting of blue shirts, Khaki shorts, black stockings, black boots, blue brassards, black leather belts, halberds and the handy police baton, these men should be noted for their conspicuous appearance in comparison with the police.

Every day 50 men will be selected from the standing applicants who number nearly a thousand.

To-day some 50 men will be examined at the K. E. M. Hospital.

"DAUGHTER OF IND"

Performance At "Capitol" In Aid Of War Fund

To spend a really enjoyable evening and to help the cause closest to everyone's heart, make a point of booking seats for the War Fund performance of "Daughter of Ind", a delightful Indian fantasy by S. Fyzee Rahamin, the internationally famous author, to be staged by a group of well-known European and Indian amateur actors at the Capitol Theatre on Friday, July 26th at 9-55 p. m.

The production has been accorded the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor and it promises to be a theatrical event of considerable interest to Bombay audiences. The entire proceeds without any deductions whatsoever will be donated to the War Fund and it is anticipated that a large sum will be realised.

"Daughter of Ind" was success when staged at the Embassy and Arts Theatres in London and it is certain that the Bombay performances produced by Zoe Bebbington and John Banford under the supervision of the author will attract wide attention.

Booking is now open at the Capitol Theatre and Messrs. S. Rose and Company and is meeting with a particularly good reception. Tickets are obtainable at Rs. 5|10|-, Rs. 3|6|-, Rs. 2|4|- and unreserved Rs. 1|8|-.

AROUND THE COURTS

ABDUCTION OF MINOR GIRL ALLEGED.

BOMBAY, Monday.

The story of how one Narayan Raghunath Kharkar, in spite of the fact that his wife was with him, encouraged girls to frequent his room and finally he allowed one Bhai Sahib to kidnap his very maid servant, was narrated to-day before Mr. G. S. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, to-day.

The mother of the girl reported the matter to the Mahim police as a sequel of which Bhai Sahib was arrested in Narayan Kharkars' room and was produced to-day before Mr. G. S. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate who ordered him to be released on bail.

CASE AGAINST PADWAL.

Further hearing of Mr. Rajaram Padwal's case came up before Mr. B. U. Trivedi, Bandra Court Magistrate, to-day.

The hearing lasted for only a few minutes.

Ahmed Ebrahim, a punch witness, stated that he had examined the body at the time of the Punch and described the injuries thereon. A letter was found on the body. He identified the photo of the dead body when the photo was produced in the Court.

Police Surgeon Major Mehta, Inspector Hampton and others will be examined to-morrow.

46 PERSONS CONVICTED UNDER LIGHTING RULES.

Under Defence of India Act 46 persons were arrested for failing to screen their lights in their respective premises and were produced today before Mr. D. S. Babrekar, Presidency Magistrate Girgaum court who sentenced them to 1 day's simple imprisonment each and pay fine or in default to undergo 2 days' simple imprisonment.

60-YEAR-OLD WOMAN FATALLY KNOCKED DOWN BY VEHICLE

The City Coroner recorded a verdict of death by fracture of the ribs and spine at the inquest on the body of Mrs. Violet Joshua (60), a resident of Byculla, who was knocked down by a vehicle on July 5.

Bengal Club Cup League

W. I. A. A. STAFF STRENGTHEN HOLD ON TITLE

In the Championship Round of the Bengal Club Cup League, three matches were played off at the St. Xavier's College ground Parel, during the week-end. On Saturday, Bengal Club scored a surprising victory over the Young Goans by a solitary goal. On Sunday the W.I.A.A. Staff strengthened their hold on the Championship by registering their fourth victory at the expense of the Y.M.C.A. The Bombay Muslims accounted for the Matunga Athletic by four goals to one and thereby frightened up their chances for the second position, if not the title.

BENGAL CLUB'S SUCCESS.

The encounter between Bengal Club and the Young Goans turned out to be a keen tussle for supremacy. The attackers and defenders on both sides moved heaven and earth to gain the upper hand and the custodians at either end had a stiff job to keep their charges intact. In the very last minute of the game, Sreepati of the Bengal Club secured a neat pass from the left wing, Sen, and notched the winning goal for his side.

RESULT.

Bengal Club	1 goal
Young Goans	Nil.

TEAMS.

BENGAL CLUB: Mittra; Ganguly and Srinivas; Das, S. Sen and Dutta; Biswas, Sreepati, Bhupati, B. Sen and N. Sen.

YOUNG GOANS: Titus; Menzies and Fernandez; Gasper, Pontis and Domingo, Coutinho, Reymond, Manuel, S. Fernandez and Jose.

W. I. A. A.'S FINE RALLY

The contest between the W.I.A.A. Staff, holders, and the Y.M.C.A. attracted the biggest crowd of the season. It produced thrilling football. The Young Men took everybody by surprise by taking two goal's lead within the first few minutes. The Automen had to fight all the way till the interval to reduce the lead. At the last moment. Dhakuram their brilliant left extreme, scored from an almost impossible angle. On crossing over, the W.I.A.A. equalised through Doray. But John, who turned out to be the chief goal getter for the Y.M.C.C., pushed his side ahead again and completed his hat-trick in the process. However the automobilemen were not to be denied. Play magnificent football, they not only wiped out the deficit but brought off the winning goal, A very creditable feat.

RESULT:

W.I.A.A. Staff	4 goals
Y.M.C.A.	3 goals.

TEAMS.

W.I.A.A. STAFF: Dayaram; Baptiste and Govind; Gatrick, Shakaram and Chander; Douglas, Doray, Narayen, Shivram and Dhakuram.

Y.M.C.A.: Rao; Jumma and Francis; Jacob, Joshua, and Silgardo; Q. Jesudian, M. Jesudian, Fernandez, John and K. T. Alexander.

MUSLIMS WIN EASILY.

After the above match, the engagement between the Bombay Muslims and the Matunga Athletic appeared to be a tame affair. Matunga was let down again by their goalie, who allowed the Muslims to steal a lead of two goals when the game was still green. The Matunga players tried hard to reduce the margin, but in Islam, the burly full-back of the Muslims they found their heaviest stumbling block. Rashad and Faqir, on the other hand, persisted in their campaign and raised the tally to four, each scoring twice. Matunga was only able to book one goal.

RESULT.

Bombay Muslims	4 goals.
Matunga Athletic	1 goal.

TEAMS:

BOMBAY MUSLIM: Abdulla; Abdul and Islam; Khizar, Mohd. Saeed, and Mallad; Aziz, Ibrahim, Faqir, Rashad, and Yusof.

MATUNGA ATHLETIC: Narayan; Sivaramakrishna and Anantharam; Menon, Ramchandran and Krishnan; Raman, Laxman, Sivaram, Ramkrishnan and Ganapathi.

LATEST POSITIONS.

The following are the latest positions in the Championship Round of the Bengal Club Cup League.

	Goals. P.	W.	L.	D.	F.	A.	P.
W.I.A.A. Staff	4	4	0	0	15	3	8
B'bay Muslims	3	2	0	9	3	4	5
Bengal Club	4	1	2	1	2	10	3
Y.M.C.A.	2	0	1	1	3	4	1
Young Goans	3	0	2	1	1	2	1
Matunga Athletic	2	0	2	0	1	9	0

POLO IN BANGALORE

BANGALORE, July 8.

In the final of the Junior Handicap Polo Tournament last evening Kolanka beat Mysore Lancers by four goals to three.

In the final of the Junior Subsidiary Polo Tournament which was also played last evening the Mysore Lancers (B) defeated "Enthusiasts" by four goals to two. The former received one goal on the handicap.

Her Highness the Princess of Berar distributed the prizes.—A. P.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL

CALCUTTA, July 8.

The following are results of First Division League matches played this evening:—

Mahommedan Sporting two; Border Regiment nil.

E. B. Railway nil; Sporting Union nil.

Bhowanipur one; Customs nil.

Police two; Kalighat nil.—A. P.

WOMAN'S FALL FROM WINDOW

Accused Acquitted Of Charge Of Attempt To Murder

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia.)

Emperor
vs.
Abbas Abdul Baki.

The accused was charged under Sec. 307 of the Indian Penal Code with the offence of attempting to commit the murder of a woman by throwing her out of a window on the first floor of a building on 13th February 1940. He was committed to the High Court Sessions by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, on 4th June 1940.

The Prosecution story was that he took the woman to his room, closed the door and threatened her with a pen-knife in order to violate her chastity. The Prosecution alleged that he then threw her out of the window and ran away.

In his statement to the Magistrate the accused stated that he was a Persian and that his age was 25 years.

The Jury returned a unanimous verdict finding that the accused was not guilty of the offence charged.

His Lordship therefore ordered the accused to be acquitted and discharged.

Mr. James Menezes instructed by the Public Prosecutor, Mr. N. K. Petigara, appeared for the Prosecution.

Mr. A. T. Janai defended the accused

Benares Hindu University

The following candidates are declared to have passed the B. Pharmaceutical Second Year Examination of the Benares Hindu University held in the month of April, 1940. The name of the class is put in brackets:—

Biswaranjan Das Gupta from College of Technology, B.H.U. (III). Sham Lal Aggarwal, from College of Technology, B.H.U. (III).

Prohibition Branch Not To Allow Imports Of Drugs & Liquor

BOMBAY, Monday.

Pending the final decision of the Bombay Government on the prohibition issue, the prohibition police force which has been on vigilance work at railway stations has been directed to be on the look-out for smugglers of country liquor, charas and other dangerous drugs. A part of this police force is to be set apart for A.R.P. and other work.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

LINDA DARNELL
STAR DUST
John Payne · Roland Young

3 — SONGS — 3

TO-DAY—LAST DAY!
CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

"DISPUTED PASSAGE"

A Paramount Picture with
Dorothy Lamour · Akim Tamiroff · John Howard
Produced and Directed by Frank Borzage
Based on the Novel by Lloyd C. Douglas

For Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

Elasto

REGISTERED The Wonder Tablet

Regenerates the Blood and Tissue Cells!

ELASTO dissolves instantly on the tongue and is absorbed directly into the blood. This new Biochemic remedy cures Leg Troubles, Rheumatism, Piles, Phlebitis, Skin Diseases, Heart Trouble, Neuritis, Gout, Hardened Arteries, Blood Disorders, Bad Circulation and Muscular Weakness. The wonderful success of Elasto is due to the fact that it attacks disease where it begins—in the blood-stream. Elasto revitalises every organ and tissue of the body Price Rs. 3.12 from dealers, or V.P.P from The Agent, ELASTO Dept. 6H P.O. Box 258, Bombay. Write for FREE BOOKLET on the Science of Natural Healing.

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BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Sudh 4, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 3, 1359
Parsi: Bahman 8, 1309
Hightide: 2-12; 14-46
Lowtide: 8-02; 21-00
Sunrise: 6h. 8m.
Sunset: 7h. 20m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

The next meeting of the Corporation will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 2-30 p.m. (B. T.).

RANGOON INFECTED WITH PLAGUE

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The town and port of Rangoon have been declared infected with plague from June 26.

MUSLIM RADICAL PARTY CONDEMNS ATTITUDE OF SIR SIKANDAR AND SIR NAZIMUDDIN

At a general meeting of the Muslim Radical Party held at Moledina House, Bombay, a resolution condemning the action of Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Premier of the Punjab and Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister of the Bengal Government, for "having acted in open defiance" of the resolution of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League with regard to non-participation in the War Committee was passed.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Disputed Passage" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Star Dust" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Strange Cargo" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Virginia City" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"My Son, My Son" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA—"Laxmi" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.

GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, when Mr. S. N. Kanga, will give a further discourse in Gujarati on "The present cycle beginning with Gaya-Maretan (Mortal Life) and ending with the time of Sosyos, the bringer in of immortality as depicted in the Farvardin Yast." The lecture is open to the public.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Mr. Rao, Profs. Mehta and Khateeb will begin their classes in Hindustani (Jr.) (Devanagari Script), Poetry and Evolution of Gujarati Drama and Arabic (Jr.) in the University, South Wing, Khalsa College and Anjuman-i-Islam High School respectively at 6-30 p.m., 7 p.m. and 6-30 p.m. to-day, July 9.

MACHARIA ATROCITIES DENIED

Apropos of a report published in a section of the Press alleging the murder of two chamars following the refusal of the chamar community to allow their women to play Holi with Rajputs of Village Macharia in Bhind District of Gwalior State, "one who knows", states that the inquiry conducted into the matter ordered by His Highness the Maharaja Scindia, it has been proved to be baseless.

There is no truth in the allegation that the authorities took no notice on a report being lodged, and it has been further pointed out that women being forced to play Holi with men has been prohibited by the State as far back as 1934.

ROHIDAS SUDHARAK MANDAL

A meeting of the Rohidas Sudharak Mandai was held on Sunday evening in the Arya Samaj Hall, Lower Parel under the presidentship of Mr. K. T. Mantri, Special Literacy Officer.

Mr. Mantri exhorted the audience to be literate whether they be men or women, young or old. He said only eight persons out of hundred are literate in India and so all should try to learn at least to read papers whereby they can come to know what things are happening in the world.

Books worth Rs. 135 were given as prizes to 27 students. A scholarship of Rs. 2/3 was awarded to a student from the Art School and Rs. 20 given to two students prosecuting tanning education in Khar Tanning School. Two poor students were given clothes also.

The Secretary then announced the following donations to the Rohidas Sudharak Mandal. Rs. 5 Corporator Mr V. A. Karapurkar, Rs. 5 Dr. R. Y. Rane, Rs. 5 Shrimati Tha kubai Hasha Dhatavkar.

Well-known Solicitor Dead

BOMBAY, Monday.

The "Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of Mr. Devidas Jekisondas Desai which occurred this morning at 4-45 a. m. at his residence at Santa Cruz at the age of 63 years after a month's illness. He was a leading Solicitor of the Bombay High Court and a partner in the well-known firm of Messrs. Motichand and Devidas.

He was the trustee of the Chanda Ramji Girls' High School, The Ghatkopar Gurukul High

LATE MR. DEVIDAS J. DESAI.

School and the Dossabhai Maganlal Boarding. He was the soul of the Podar High School at Santa Cruz. He was the Managing Trustee of the Bombay Arya Samaj and a Trustee of many other institutions.

He leaves behind him a widow, his son Tanubhai who is a practising Solicitor and three other children and a large circle of relations and friends to mourn his loss.

The Uthumna ceremony will take place on Wednesday at 5 p. m. (B. T.) at his Santa Cruz Residence Annie Villa, near Podar School.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Bandra Talkies Sports Club were at home to Rest Ranwar Club on Sunday, for a whole day's match, on Talkies ground, opposite the Talkies, Ghodbunder Road, Bandra, when after a hard struggle the game ended in a draw. The Rest Club batting first put up 67, H. Lopes contributing 18, James A. Rana capturing 4 wickets for 15 runs. To this the Talkies Sports Club replied with 53, Martin capturing 3 wickets for 8 runs.

In their second venture the Rest Club put up 64 for 9 wickets, I. Dias being the highest scorer by 17. The Talkies Sports Club than replied with 30 for 5 wickets when stumps were drawn.

WOMAN ROBBED.

It is alleged that on March 22, 1940, a Bhayia woman at Kurla before going to her country burried in her room on the Kurla-Agra road, 33 gold Mohurs (valued at Rs. 300 cash), and a gold pendant weighing 10 tolas.

When the woman returned on July 3, she found the hole in which she had kept the above had been opened and all the valuable stolen.

The matter was reported to the police and through the investigations of Circle Inspector Hearn, a watchman of the new mills was arrested and a search being made in his room, 7 gold mohurs it is stated, were found. Further investigations are in progress.

CART-LORRY COLLISION.

Andheri market area witnessed a terrible collision on Saturday last. A lorry coming towards Bombay collided against a cart going on the opposite direction but occupying the wrong side of the road. The cartman, an old woman and the bulls received injuries.

"NO COMPULSORY" MILITARY TRAINING

COLOMBO, July 7.

Until the supply of voluntary recruits fails it is not necessary to introduce here any measure of compulsion, says the Chief Secretary in his report on a motion of Mr. D. Wanigasekera.—A. P.

LL.M. And M. Com. Exam. Results

The following are the results of the LL.M. and M. Com. Examinations held in June, under the University of Bombay.

LL.M. Examination.
Second Class:—Nos. 5, 8.
M. Com. Examination
Pass:—Nos. 2, 3, 4.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY

A paper on "The Swastika" will be read by Mr. R. K. Prabhu at the monthly meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay to be held at 6 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday) in the rooms of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Fort.

Weather Report

POONA, July 8

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

STATIONS.	Temperatures. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	83	75	0.9	32.8	+6.3
Calcutta	87	79	1.1	13.0	—3.2
Cuttack	77	74	5.0	20.7	+7.1
Ranchi	90	73	0.8	12.8	—0.7
Patna	91	80	0.1	5.5	—5.7
Gorakhpur	88	79	0.1	7.1	—3.6
Benares	92	82	—	7.5	—0.4
Allahabad	93	78	0.2	6.1	
Cawnpore	101	84	—	2.3	—3.0
Lucknow	93	79	—	2.5	—4.7
Jhansi	97	85	—	5.2	—2.3
Agra	106	90	—	1.7	—3.3
Bareilly	93	79	T	8.7	—0.1
Dehra Dun	90	78	0.1	15.9	+1.1
Delhi	105	87	—	0.5	—4.7
Ambala	99	84	—	4.9	—1.5
Ludhiana	103	84	—	9.1	+0.2
Lahore	105	87	—	3.2	+0.3
Rawalpindi	105	84	—	4.1	+0.4
Lyallpur	108	89	—	0.5	—1.4
Multan	108	88	—	—	—1.1
Srinagar	93	67	—	3.5	+1.7
Peshawar	112	83	—	0.8	+0.3
Dehra Ismail Khan	109	86	—	0.2	—0.9
Quetta	95	63	—	0.3	
Rangoon	88	75	1.0	32.3	+9.3
Khandwa	93	78	—	13.7	+6.3
Jubbulpore	88	76	—	9.6	—2.2
Nagpur	90	77	—	24.70	+12.5
BOMBAY	87	81	—	31.4	+5.8
Ratnagiri	86	80	0.1	29.3	—9.1
Hyderabad Deccan	90	75	—	4.7	—1.4
Bangalore	83	68	—	4.7	+0.8
Mysore	82	69	T	6.5	+3.0
Calicut	77	75	1.5	38.6	—3.9
Madras	99	84	—	1.2	—1.7
Shillong	78	15	0.5	3.6	—6.2
Simla	75	59	1.4	12.8	+0.8
Panchmarhi	78	68	—	33.0	+18.3
Kodaikanal	68	54	T	5.1	+0.5
Colombo	80	81	—	0.1	+0.1
Jacobabad	112	84	—	0.1	—0.3
Hyderabad Sind	102	84	—	0.7	—0.2
Karachi	88	82	—	0.4	—0.7
Jaipur	101	82	—	2.0	—2.3
Ajmer	98	79	—	1.4	—2.6
Deesa	97	81	—	4.3	+0.1
Rajkot	97	80	—	4.7	—1.8
Ahmedabad	99	83	—	3.6	—3.3
Bhopal	90	75	—	12.5	
Akola	94	76	—	9.9	+2.9
Amraoti	94	75	—	13.5	+4.9
Indore	89	74	—	11.3	+2.3
Marmagoa	85	77	0.1	30.2	
Malegaon	92	77	—	5.7	+0.1
Mussoorie	72	62	—	12.6	+13.2
Mahableshwar	66	63	0.3	63.2	—5.2
Baroda	93	82	—	—	—5.5
Murree	80	65	—	8.2	+1.7
Cherrapunji	77	64	0.8	93.7	—26.5
Bijapur	—	73	—	—	
Dalhousie	79	64	0.2	1.1	—6.5
Khandalla	—	—	0.1	42.4	—
Mount Abu	79	66	T	3.3	—6.8
Ootacamund	61	54	T	12.0	+3.9
Jodhpur	101	82	—	0.3	—1.9

MUNSHI ON PROHIBITION CASE RULING

"Powers Of Provinces" Under Govt. Of India Act Exposed

BOMBAY, July 8.

"In my opinion, no Government in Bombay controlled by Indians, whether Congressmen or not, and supported by an elected legislature can disregard the paramount claim of Prohibition," says Mr. K. M. Munshi, ex-Minister, Bombay, commenting on the situation created by the recent ruling of the Bombay High Court regarding the validity of prohibition laws.

"With such a Government", adds Mr. Munshi the happiness of the masses must take precedence over the cravings of those who cannot do without drinks.

"If possession of liquor cannot be prohibited by the Provincial Government without interfering with the rights of "importer and exporter" (which is stated to be the case), it only proves that under the Government of India Act, the powers of the provinces are illusory even in such a matter of social reform like prohibition."—A. P.

Bombay City Fathers & Prohibition

BOMBAY, Monday.

To express their emphatic disapproval against the withdrawal of Prohibition, the Municipal Corporation adjourned on Monday without transacting any business.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Leader of the House moved adjournment of the House for the day.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha opposed the motion but the Mayor told him to vote against it if he wished, but not to make any speech as speeches were not allowed on adjournment motion.

The adjournment motion was carried by a large majority.

The House then adjourned till to-morrow 2-30 p.m.

Legal Position Created By High Court Ruling Under Examination

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Government of Bombay is now busy examining the legal position created by the High Court's ruling on prohibition.

Owing to the importance of the matter, however, the Government will not make any announcement of policy until assured by the Government's law officers of the validity of any action proposed.

14 PERSONS INJURED IN COMMUNAL CLASH

DACCA, July 8.

In all 14 persons received injuries in last night's clash during the Rathjatra Fair in Madan Prasad Road and were removed to the Mitford Hospital. Five of the injured were detained in the hospital for treatment, while the rest were discharged.

The affected area is under police guard since yesterday evening. The situation is normal this morning and no arrest has yet been made.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of the 8th of July, 1940:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.004 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.2 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.8 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 87.3 deg. (1.2 above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 81.2 deg. (4.4 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 81 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W-S-W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 195 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 29 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 10.
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.00 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 1.44 inches.
Total rainfall during the year 32.81 inches.
Weather remarks: Mainly overcast.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 8/7/1940.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.8 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.90 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.69 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

DRY WEATHER FOR COUPLE OF DAYS MORE.

BOMBAY, Monday.

Bombay has passed through a completely rainless day. Defying the fond forecasts of weather experts, the rain held off completely and not a cent. not a drop fell anywhere in the city on Sunday. Only Matunga had a single shower which yielded about one tenth of a cent.

The total rainfall, however, is still 5.84 inches above normal. Bombay having received 31.42 inches so far.

It is understood that the dry weather is likely to continue for a couple of days more at least.

VIGOROUS MONSOON IN ORISSA

POONA, July 8

Monsoon has been vigorous in Orissa and active in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, and Malabar. Local rain occurred in Assam, East United Provinces in and near the Punjab, Kumaon Hills and Konkan, while a few falls are reported in East Central Provinces and Bombay Deccan.

SCARCITY THREATENS KATHIAWAR.

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, July 8.

Serious situation prevails in South and South-West parts of Kathiawar owing to lack of rains. There has been no rain in Bhavnagar for the last nine days and the previous rainfall is insufficient for sowing operations.

The situation is giving cause for anxiety.

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WEAR POINT No. 3

Don't let your tailor make the sleeves too narrow at the elbow, or too full at the cuff. These two points get extra rubbing on the tops of tables, arms of chairs etcetera. And so they pick up extra grime which results in more vigorous action by the *dhobie*, and again harder wear. Some people are particular about linings; silk or rayon inside the sleeve certainly does help to let the angles of elbows and wrists slide freely and minimises friction.

But linings are out of the question in cotton coats, and anyhow the real secret is to have your coat made of a first-class cotton cloth, woven solidly of fine yarns, even-spun with a smooth linen-like finish. Then "medium close at the wrist and full at the elbow" will ensure you the longest wear from your coat.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1940

CONGRESS AND BRITAIN

It will be a surprise to many that after a five days' session, the Working Committee has adopted a resolution which is practically a repetition of its past resolutions and which leaves the general situation in the country as indefinite as ever. But, in the absence of an adequate response from Government, which could, at least, provide a basis for negotiations the Committee could not do otherwise. It seems possible that the Viceroy's proposals conveyed through Gandhiji, though not satisfatory enough for a settlement, called for an authoritative reply from the Committee. Secondly, something more than what has been published may be going on behind the curtain. However, the situation will have to be at least clear enough by the time the All-India Congress Committee meets at Poona towards the end of this month.

Basic Demand

Some critics of the Working Committee are reported to be surprised at its insistence on a Declaration of Independence as a condition precedent to co-operation with Government in the conduct of the war. They object that such insistence is an obstacle to the formation of the very national Government which the Committee desires. The objection is based on a misunderstanding of the Congress idea of a National Government. The Working Committee asks for a National Government which should "command the confidence of all the elected elements in the Central Legislature". The Committee also insists that such a Government should be only a prelude to the establishment, immediately after the war, of a completely independent Government, as a matter of course, and not at the sweet will of Britain. These conditions can be satisfied only if a Declaration of Independence is made now. In any case such a Declaration has been the basic demand of the Congress for months past and there need be no surprise at its insistence on it.

Britain's Duty

The trouble is really with those who loosely talk of a National Government when what they really mean is a Government not of ministers in the ordinary sense of the term, but of Executive Councillors who may represent different communities but are responsible only to the Governor-General who will control their policy and who has been made a virtual dictator by the recent changes in the Government of India Act. There are doubtless many persons who are willing to be part of such a pseudo-National Government, and unconditionally too. But, as the Congress Working Committee points out, unless a Declaration of Independence is made and a truly National Government is formed at the Centre "all efforts at organising the material and moral resources of the country for defence cannot in any sense be voluntary or as from a free country and will, therefore, be ineffective." Only the acceptance of the Committee's suggestions "will enable the Congress to throw in its full weight in the efforts for the effective organisation of the defence of the country." We do not know what will be Britain's reaction to the Congress attitude. If she can at least now take long views, she should realize that she can have useful ally in a free and friendly India, while a subject, discontented India cannot but be a source of weakness rather than of strength. If she realise this she should no longer delay the Declaration of India's Independence. It will be a grievous blunder to seek still to play off other political parties against the Congress or to give a communal twist to the problem between India and Britain. Though Gandhiji insists that India's immediate objective must be unadulterated independence, he is still striving for friendly relations between the two countries. The interests of both demand that India should be as free as Britain and for the same reasons. Soon enough it well be physically impossible for Britain to deny independence to India. The question is only about the conditions in the transitional period. For reasons which it is not necessary to discuss here the Congress is most accommodating now in settling these conditions. It is certainly not wise for Britain to misunderstand or flout the Congress attitude. Some friends of Government are repeatedly appealing to the Congress not to miss the bus. The appeal should more properly be made to Britain.

A Fair Offer

The Working Committee of the Congress has issued a reasoned statement in the form of a resolution on the situation arising out of the tribal raids into certain districts of the N. W. F. Province and its views upon those raids. The Committee has done well to declare its continued goodwill and friendly attitude towards them. It has, further, given its opinion that the outrages are neither political nor religious but economic and has assured the tribesmen of its desire to help them in improving their educational and economic condition. To further this most unexceptionable—and incidentally, the only effective method of restoring peaceful conditions—the Frontier Province Congress Committee sought Government permission for a deputation of Congressmen to proceed to the tribal area and have personal talks with the leaders. The Congress deputation with its *bona fides* and correct diagnosis of the situation would have succeeded in its mission of peace. But Government, in spite of the Congress offer to take an official with them, refused the offer "for reasons best known to them". This was a blunder. But the Working Committee has given the Government an opportunity to rectify that blunder. It has nominated two of its own members to proceed to Waziristan on a mission of peace. If, however, Government still refuse facilities, the people of India, both Hindus and Muslims, will be entitled to draw their own conclusions as to the "reasons best known to them".

Hitler-Ciano Meeting

Count Ciano's visit to Berlin and his long conversation with Herr Hitler have provoked not only keen interest but also speculations as to what happened This is natural enough. And it is obvious that the meeting was very important. The Swiss papers have enumerated the subjects which were presumably discussed. We, too, think that the agenda certainly included two very important items, among others; namely, ways and means of continuing the war against Britain and, secondly, change in the *status quo* in the Balkans owing to the Russian push westwards. But it is not possible to speculate upon the nature of the "far-reaching decisions" that must have been taken there. All that can be assumed at this stage is that a joint offensive against Britain is impending and that every effort will be made by the Axis Dictators to come to some arrangement — temporary, of course—with M. Stalin without further serious prejudice to their own interests.

Fascism--A French Invention

By V. HAAS

Mussolini was once asked, many years ago, who were the intellectual ancestors of Fascism. Thereupon he mentioned three names. Out of these three two were Frenchmen, namely, the sociologist Jules Sorel and the poet Charles Peguy. Only one, the third was an Italian, also a sociologist, Pareto, who is teaching in Switzerland to-day. In truth, most of the principal, political theories of classical Fascism not only originate with the Frenchman Jules Sorel, but with the French theoreticians of the "Action Franscaise" above all with Charles Maurras. The "Action Franscaise" and Sorel created these political doctrines already long before the world war of 1914. Without exaggeration it may be said that eighty per cent. of the ideology of Fascism is, intellectually, French.

Let us now observe the German National Socialism more closely. It is a well-known fact that it is based upon the racial theory. But the racial theory is also a French production. It originated in a work by Count Gobineau, entitled "On the Inequality of Human Races." The work by Gobineau was later popularised by Richard Wagner's circle in Bayreuth, especially by his son-in-law Houston Stewart Chamberlain, and interpreted in an anti-Semitic sense—for Gobineau himself was not anti Semitic. In this way the work by the Frenchman Gobineau became the Bible of German Nazism.

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If we look at the whole system of the modern dictatorships of Europe, we see that the essence of these dictatorships consists of the fact that one single party, be it the Fascist Party, the National Socialist party or the Bolshevik party, claim and exerts absolute power over the State. There can be no doubt as to the origin of this system of absolute party dictatorship. It originated in the French Revolution of 1790—, from the dictatorships of the revolutionary clubs, above all the Jacobin club. This is by no means a theory which I have formulated for myself today. Lenin or Stalin or Trotsky would unhesitatingly endorse this theory, if they were to be asked. And Fascism, in its technique of the government of the masses, is, as Mussolini once openly admitted, only a pupil of Bolshevism. To these "totalitarian party dictatorship we subsequently trace the catch words "totalitarian state "totalitarian mobilization, and "totalitarian war" as they are current to Germany to-day. All these catchwords equally have their origin in the French Revolution of 1790, and were employed later—similarly as in Fascism to-day—as a weapon AGAINST the France of the Revolution in about 1800 by the romantic state-philosophers of Prussia especially as reconstructed by Adam Mueller, J. G. Fichte and Hegel. The first "totalitarian" wars with "totalitarian" mobilization were the French revolutionary wars of about 1790 against the anti-revolutionary coalition of the European monarchies. All these conceptions and political forms, therefore, also originated in France.

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But, on the other hand, it is certain, and has not yet been seriously contested, that the thesis of the European democracies are also originally traceable to a great extent, to the French Revolution.

Thus it can be seen that in this war, which is an ideological war of the first grade, similarly as in the old religious wars of the 16th and 17th centuries, the weapons on both sides are almost exclusively intellectual weapons, whose origin is to be found in France. It is true that the exact intellectual historian, if he goes further and further back in the intellectual history of Europe, can always find new sources for these sources. For instance, he can say that party-dictatorship existed in Europe already before the French Revolution, as, for example, in the small Italian city-republics of the Renaissance and also in the ancient Rome of the civic wars, at the time of Sulla, of Marius Caesar, of Pompey and of Octavius. He can further say for instance, that the political legal basis of the French democracy of 1789, the declaration of the "Rights of Man (droits de homme), really orginated in the American War of Independence.

The Nazist anti-Semitic racial theories are, strange to say, traced back to the Biblical Jews themselves, for, in the Biblical books of "Ezra" and "Nehemiah" we actually find political doctrines which are not unlike those of Hitler. Thus a conscientious historian of intellectual history can find ever new, that is, ever older sources. These, however, have only historical significance, no actual significance for the world of to-day, its ideas and its struggle—for all these modern theories, all these modern ideas and political movements, whose bloody conflict governs the world to-day, received their formulation in world-history their significance in world-history as forms of state and forms of government, and as forms of human thought only through the French intellect, and not before.

In all the seats of war in Europe war is actually being waged to-day, on both sides, with ideological weapons which were forged in France. Since more than a hundred years France has been the intellectual workshop of Europe, in which all the intellectual weapons of Europe were forged. She was the intellectual laboratory in which all the modern political theories of Europe were mixed and submitted to experimental tests. If we analyse the entire intellectual history of France between 1790 and 1900 we find that France first formulated and established all those political theories and problems under which Europe is trembling to-day. So great was the intellectual productiveness of modern France that to-day even the enemies of France are pupils of France, and France has, to a great extent, been beaten with her own intellectual weapons.

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The political strength of France was always dependent on her tremendous spiritual and intellectual productiveness, and this spiritual productiveness, in its turn, was dependent on her moral health. This, however, is not at all the case with all nations and states. There are nations and states which can develop tremendous political power without any intellectual productivity and without moral health. But in France there never existed great outward political energy without great inward spiritual and moral strength.

If France has collapsed politically to-day, this indicates a tremendous intellectual and moral deterioration since 1918. Such periods of intellectual and moral weakening have also occurred in France in former times. France, however, always recovered rapidly again from them, as for example, after the disastrous war of 1870-71. This war signified a real moral and spiritual collapse of France. But this war was rapidly followed by a tremendous spiritual and intellectual upward movement, which led to the moral recovery, and later also to the political recovery of France. Actually, the fathers of the victorious war of 1914-18 were not Foch or Petain, but Renan, Taine, Peguy and the school of Victor Hugo, which is represented to-day by Romain Rolland. It is not generals, but historians, philosophers and writers, who made France healthy and strong after 1870. We hope that this natural law will remain effective and will give France spiritual and moral healing also after this defeat of 1940. Not only is the fate of France at stake but the fate of the whole continent of Europe and its moral recovery after serious sickness, depends, in many respects, upon the fate of France.

Azad On Implications Of Delhi Decision

NO CHANGE IN CONGRESS POLICY AND NO GOING BACK ON NON-VIOLENCE

NEW DELHI, July 8.

An address of welcome on behalf of the citizens of Delhi was presented to Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, at a mammoth meeting held at the Gandhi grounds this evening. Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A. Central, presided and among those present were Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

Maulana Nuruddin Bihari read out the address of welcome expressing appreciation of the services of Maulana Azad to the Congress and the country and hoping that India would be a free country during the tenure of office of Moulana Azad.

Addressing the meeting Maulana Azad referred to the meeting of the Congress Working Committee during the last four days and said that Gandhi-Viceroy talk at Simla was only one of the several items that came up for discussion. There were several other matters left over from the last Wardha meeting.

He pointed out that the resolution passed by the Congress Working Committee at its last meeting in Wardha put the Congress position in clear and unequivocal terms, and there was little that he could add to it by way of explanation.

NON-VIOLENCE CREED

Emphasising that the Congress still adhered to the creed of non-violence in the country's fight for freedom, Maulana Azad said during the last twenty years they had achieved noteworthy results. It was an undisputable fact that it was through strict adherence to this creed that they had been able to develop political consciousness among the mases, not only in towns, but also in remote villages. The Congress was still committed to the principle that India should reach her goal of independence by non-violent methods.

EUROPEAN WAR & INDIA'S DEFENCE

Ever since the outbreak of war in Europe in September last year Gandhiji wanted the Congress to go a step further and accept the proposition that a Free India should have no need for armed forces for defence purposes. This was the issue with which the Congress Working Committee was confronted, and the members, with full sense of their responsibility, took the decision after prolonged deliberation.

The Wardha resolution was self-explanatory and he did not think any further elucidation was necessary.

Continuing the Congress President advised congress committees to enrol volunteers and impress on the need for observing strict non-violence. It was necessary that they should prepare themselves for future contingencies, and they must be ready to face any situation that might arise.

NO GOING BACK

Maulana Azad alluded to the Working Committee's resolution passed last evening demanding that Great Britain should make an unequivocal declaration according complete independence to India as the only solution of the problems facing India and Britain. He pointed out that there was nothing new in the resolution nor was there any going back on Congress policy or principles.

COALITIONS WON'T DO

Pointing out the difficulties in the way of a composite National Government, Maulana Azad said that there were no political parties in India except the Congress. There were communal parties, whose programmes were not confined to political issues. He thought that this was a serious obstacle to the formation of Composite Governments.

Maulana Azad further mentioned that during the period of nearly three years when the Congress was running the administration in the Provinces, there were occasions when the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee had sought co-operation with other parties as a solution of the problems that confronted them, but he regretted that such co-operation had been refused.—A. P.

Frankly Speaking

Germany And Sweden

The British claim to have been inflicting heavy damage through mines, submarines and aircraft upon German transport and shipping off the Norwegian coast. This claim seems to be true. For the Germans are reported to have sought an alternative route to Norway. According to a recent message, "reports have reached London that the Swedish Government have decided to allow the passage not only of armed German soldiers but also of materials of war to and from". This, however, is something much more important than a mere evading of the British blockade of Norway. The Swedish Government cannot, of course, stand up to Herr Hitler in the present phase of his phenomenal triumph which makes him master of half of Europe. But it is obvious that by forcing this concession upon Sweden. Herr Hitler has enabled himself to occupy Sweden militarily whenever he chooses to do so. The interesting question is: what does Russia think of this move?

Successes Against Italy

The British have been doing consistently well against the Italians on land, in the air and also in the matter of destroying submarines. Except in one minor instance they have met with no reverses on land and have, indeed, inflicted appreciable damage on the enemy, even capturing guns, tanks and other war material and cutting off at least one water line. In the air they have had some very satisfactory successes, destroying aircraft, petrol tanks, munition dumps and sinking and damaging warships at Tobruk. All these are valuable successes. But the time has now come for an offensive against the Italian navy.

Prohibition In Bombay

Referring to the undoing of the prohibition policy by the Bombay Government, the *National Herald* writes: "A greater blow to the cause of social reform and uplift of workers in Bombay could not have been struck. If ever it was the desire of the Government to reach an understanding with the Congress, they have completely destroyed it by summarity terminating a great social experiment." Those of us who see the wretched reaction to the new policy cannot but endorse this view. A Government communique says that the Governor of Bombay is now busy examining the legal position created by the High Court's ruling, but that the Government well make no announcement of policy until assured by their law officers of the validity of any action proposed. We trust Government will expedite their decision. As Mr. K. M. Munshi points out, "if possession of liquor cannot be phohibited by the Provincial Government without interfering with the rights of "importer and exporter" (which is stated to be the case), it only proves that under the Government of India Act, the powers of the provinces are illusory even in such a matter of social reform as prohibition."

Mr. N. M. Joshi

Mr. N. M. Joshi's retirement from the Servants of India Society is a great loss to that institution, and we wonder if the retirement was really unavoidable. He was one of the few progressive members of the Society, especially in Labour problems. He is an expert on many of these problems and is well-known for his independent outlook. His retirement is an irreparable loss to the Society. We have no doubt he will continue to serve the cause of Labour, particularly in Bombay, with greater freedom of opinion and action. We cannot congratulate the majority of the members of the Society, whose attitude compelled one of the most brilliant servants of India to retire from that institution.

Agriculture In Bombay

The Annual Report of the Bombay Agricultural Department for the year 1938-39 mentions considerable progress in agricultural research of various kinds. Similar claims have been made in the past reports and it will be well if they are all examined by a body of non-official experts. Not less important than fresh research is the popularisation of the results of past research among the ignorant peasants This work the Department has wisely transferred to the newly appointed Rural Development Boards but we do not know if the latter are adequately financed. The shikar work done by the Department to protect crops from wild animals is not at all adequate. More peasants need to be given gun licences. The Report states that under the reorganization scheme the shikar work will in future be entrusted to the Rurual Development Department. More change of Department will not avail much if more gun licences are not issued and the shikar rules be made less stringent.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

The Rumanian Government, having proclaimed a pro-Axis policy, is pursuing it at a speed somewhat faster than Germany appears to wish.

German circles in Rumania have expressed dissatisfaction over the Gigartu Government, because its fullflooded Nazi policy towards Soviet Union is a trifle too provocative.

—Belgrade Report.

* * * *

Mr. Fazlul Haq declared in an interview at Delhi that "he was trying his best to bring about a settlement between the Muslim League and the Congress."

And you will, of course, malevolently raise your eye brow.

* * * *

So far as we are concerned, we quite believe Mr. Haq.

For, doesn't he emphasise that he is trying "his" best.

* * * *

"I am" a Delhi paper reports Mr. Fazlul Haq as having also said, "tongue-tied and cannot tell you what is in my mind as long as I do not break away from the Muslim League".

Mr. Huq, therefore, is about to apologise to the League on the ground that he was carried away by the excruciating pain of a tied tongue.

* * * *

According to a contemporary, "the Axis Revolves Round Moscow".

We only hope it does not crash over Moscow.

* * * *

"Hitler and Count Ciano went into a conference at once, assisted by Herr Von Ribbintrop, Secretary of State Weissner, the Italian Ambassador in Berlin, Sgr. Alfieri, and the German Ambassador in Rome, Von Mackensen. The conversation lasted two hours."

—Berlin Report.

Where was the Russian Ambassador? asks a very naive confrere.

* * * *

"The German radio announces that the French franc will be based on the dollar instead of the pound sterling".

—News Item.

The French radio will now announce a Petain decree to that effect.

* * * *

The Germans have requisitioned "all agricultural produce, food stuffs, and semi-manufactured products in the occupied part of France".

M. Baudouin should pronounce more invectives against Britain and a few blessings upon the Germans.

* * * *

One minute silence, says a Tokyo message, was observed throughout Japan at noon to-day to mark the third anniversary of the beginning of hostilities in China

It couldn't have sufficed to make the Japanese ponder the full extent of the enormity of what they were doing.

* * * *

THE FEMALE GESTAPO

Hitler's New Terror.

—Headlines.

Nothing of the kind. It's the world-known age-old terror.

* * * *

'How'd you get along with your wife in that fight the other night?'

'Aw, she came crawling to me on her knees.'

'Yeah? What did she say?'

'Come out from under that bed, you coward.'

Incendiary Bombs On Britain

Nazi Aircraft Attack Convoy In Channel But Avoid Combat

German Aerodrome At Eschwege Suffers Heavily

LONDON, July 8.

SEVERAL incendiary and twelve high explosive bombs were dropped on a north-east England town this morning many of which fell in fields and gardens. A few people were slightly injured.

SEVERAL KILLED IN SOUTH-WEST TOWN.

Several persons are believed to have been killed in a daylight raid on a south-west England town this morning. One shop and two houses were demolished and several other shops in the main shopping street badly shattered.

TWO MESSERSCHMIDTS BROUGHT DOWN.

Two Messerschmidt fighters are believed to have been shot down in another air battle between German and British fighters over south-east England late this afternoon.—

HUNDREDS WATCH THRILLING FIGHT.

An Air Ministry Communique states fighter aircraft of the R. A. F. engaged an enemy bomber and shot it down into the sea, this being the third enemy aircraft shot down to-day.

Hundreds of watchers saw a thrilling dogfight which developed between the British and German fighters. This was the third clash between Spitfires and Messerschmidts in two days.—Reuter.

Attack On Convoy

LONDON, July 8.

Crowds on cliffs in South England this afternoon watched German bombers in force attack a convoy in the Channel. Numerous bombs were dropped but all fell wide, sending up huge cascades of water. At least one German plane was seen to fall into the sea after the pilot had escaped by parachute.

It is believed two other planes were brought down, one in flames. A lively barrage was put up by the ships anti-aircraft guns compelling the bombers to withdraw. Spitfires were quickly on the scene and attacked the bombers escort of Messerschmidts and split the large enemy formation up into two's and three's. Machinegun bullets fell in the streets of a neighbouring town and people ran for shelter.

Waves of R. A. F. Bombers, crossing the North Sea and the Channel, day and night, are making a determined bid to counter the gathering tide of German forces, which could be used for an invasion on Britain. This stern objective clearly underlies each report of operations of bomber and Coastal Command aircraft and by some planes of the Fleet Air Arm in the past week, writes Reuter's Air Correspondent.

NEW TARGETS

Particularly noticeable among the targets selected, as the danger of combined sea and air invasion increases in ratio to the state of tides and favourable flying weather, have been naval and air bases. Shattering attacks have been delivered despite the recent breaks in weather and pressed home in the face of fierce anti-aircraft opposition. Encouraging, to say the least, has been the record of British losses, which Air Ministry bulletins have shown to have totalled a bare fourteen aircraft from July 2 to the week-end, although action was continuous.

The Nazi Air Force's shyness with regard to aerial combat, even in defence over her own or occupied territory is illustrated by the almost complete absence of enemy fighter opposition, either by day or night.

RAIDS ON SUNDAY NIGHT

An Air Ministery and ministry of home security communique states:

There was little enemy activity over our coasts last night. Bombs were only reported at two points on the north-east coast where some houses were damaged. There were a few casualties, none of which was serious. Three of our fighters failed to return from patrol.

It is confirmed that a third enemy bomber was shot down yesterday, making seven aircraft destroyed yesterday. In addition at least one other enemy fighter was probably destroyed.

SINGLE PILOT'S BAG

One Spitfire pilot of the R. A. F. Fighter Command shot down two Messerschmitt 109 fighters over the English Channel last night and made attacks on three more before returning unscatched to his base.

He first attacked a formation of five enemy fighters and after two bursts shot one down into the sea. Later he attacked and completely broke up a further formation of seven enemy fighters. The first three broke away. The pilot followed one of the others almost down to the sea level. After three short bursts this Messerschmitt fell on its side and crashed into the sea.

A fellow pilot of the same squadron saw another Messerschmitt leave the formation and dive toward the sea. He followed firing bursts. He saw it hit the sea.

Another squadron chased a Messerschmitt right over the French coast scoring repeated hits and sent a twin-engined German fighter plunging into the sea.

Shortly before this the last machine had shot down a British hurricane.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPES

Five people killed in the raid last night in a town in south-west England were members of one family. A woman of sixty was released from the debris of her house after six hours and found to be suffering only from slight grazes and shock and her son was buried for four hours uninjured. A two-month-old child was rescued from the debris of another house unhurt.—Reuter

RAIDS ON NAZI AERODROME

An Air Ministry communique states: "R. A. F. aircraft carried out extensive daylight reconnaissances over Germany yesterday.

The enemy aerodrome at Eschwege in central Germany was successfully attacked.

Two of our aircraft are missing. —Reuter.

300 Miles Into Nazi Territory

A large four-engined aircraft was destroyed on the ground and a Messerschmidt fighter was shot down in flames in a series of daylight raids over enemy territory on Sunday afternoon by R. A .F. Medium bombers.

Penetrating more than 300 miles into Germany for attack on the Eschwege aerodrome a large number of aircraft dispersed along two sides of the landing ground. A British bomber released a heavy calibre bomb, which struck an aircraft standing in front of the main hangar. The aircraft burst into flames. A direct hit was registered on Tarmac close to the hangar and extensive damage is also believed to have been done to dispersed aircraft by other high explosive bombs.

Fighting Odds In France

Another British bomber carrying out a raid over Northern France was attacked by five Messerschmidts. By skilful manoeuvring the bomber pilot was able to evade an attack and at the same time a well directed burst of fire caused one Messerschmidt to disappear in almost a vertical dive. Other enemy fighters broke off action.—Reuter.

BERLIN VERSION.

To-day's German Communique stated that the total British air losses yesterday were 14 planes, including ten Spitfire fighters in the fight over the Channel.

Authoritative comment in London was that the German account of yesterday's dogfight over the Channel is another case of Nazi multiplication by ten. The battle occurred within sight of the English coast and was watched by thousands of spectators.

Against the German losses of three fighters and one bomber, the British losses were one fighter—the second fighter lost in the defence of Britain since the war began. For the loss of these two, the British bag of German attacking machines in the same period is 110 machines certain plus 25 damaged, which may well have failed to reach home.—Reuter.

TWO RAIDERS BROUGHT DOWN

Sequel To Air Attack On Malta: No Military Objective Damaged

MALTA, July 8.

Three enemy aircraft were brought down within 12 hours over the week-end.

Two out of a total of four raiders were brought down in the sea on Saturday night when bombs were dropped and an aerodrome machine-gunned, but no damage was done.

One soldier was wounded and there were four minor civilian casualties in Saturday's raid. No military objective being damaged.

Four alarms were sounded on Sunday. Two formations of five enemy aircraft dropped several bombs at 9-15 a.m. No military objective was damaged but two soldiers were killed and six wounded, while nine civilians, including children and women were killed and one wounded and several houses destroyed.

One enemy plane was shot down in the sea by our fighters. —Reuter.

1,700 American Citizens Leave England

LONDON, July 8.

The United States liner "Washington" left Galway for New York yesterday afternoon with 1,700 American citizens on their way home from Great Britain.—Reuter.

CONGRESS CABINET HAS NOT LOWERED FLAG

PATNA, July 8.

"The Congress had refused to lower down the flag. It has declined to be cajoled or bullied", says the "Searchlight" in the course of a leading article on the Delhi resolution of the Congress Working Committee.

The paper adds: "The Working Committee have followed Mahatma Gandhi's clear, definite and unequivocal lead and have thereby knocked on the head the wishful thinking in certain quarters to the effect that Gandhiji has been formally deposed by the Committee".—A. P.

WILL BRITAIN TAKE PROFERRED HAND?

LUCKNOW, July 8.

"The resolution of the Congress Working Committee on Gandhi-Linlithgow talks and Congress attitude towards war should be considered by all impartial students of international affairs as Catholic, comprehensive and convincing", opines the "National Herald" in a leading article.

It adds that if British statesmen still refuse to take the proferred hand of help they must indeed be having reasons of their own, which can have possibly nothing to do with India or her political aspirations.—A. P.

"C. R." AND PATTABHI FOR MADRAS.

NEW DELHI, July 8.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Dr. Pattabi Seetharamayya left for Madras this evening by the Grand Trunk Express.—A. P.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN BRITAIN

LONDON, July 8.

The number of unemployed has fallen by 1,14,000 during the past month to 7,67,000 which is the lowest since the returns first recorded in 1920. It is learned that there is every probability that the total will soon approach the zero figure of the last war.—Reuter.

BROADCAST ON INDIA'S WAR EFFORTS.

Major General Molesworth will broadcast a talk on India's war effort to-day Tuesday, at 8-30 p.m.

The talk will be relayed by the Delhi radio station from its Simla studio on Delhi 2. (31.3 metres), Delhi 3. (60.48 metres) and Delhi 4. (25.6 metres).

RAID ON ALEXANDRIA.

ALEXANDRIA, July 8.

There was a ten-minute air-raid on Alexandria this morning.

The raiders were quickly driven off by anti-aircraft fire.

CAIRO:—It is authoritatively stated that in yesterday's air-raid on Alexandria enemy raiders were driven off, thanks to the good co-operation of the Anglo-Egyptian anti-aircraft defence.

It is added that the bombs dropped caused no damage or casualties.

BELGIANS RESORT TO SABOTAGE

Nazis Threaten Punitive Measures If Offenders Are Not Found

LONDON, July 8.

The German controlled Brussels radio disclosed that there has been a number of cases of sabotage to telegraph and telephone communications in Belgium.

The broadcast threatened severe punishment, which would be extended to general inhabitants if the perpetrators cannot be found.—Reuter.

SEVENTY ARRESTED IN LUCKNOW

Ban On Carrying Lethal Weapons In Affected Areas

LUCKNOW, July 8.

One of the injured persons in yesterday's rioting has now succumbed.

The District Magistrate has promulgated an order under section 144 Cr. P. C. prohibiting the carrying of lethal weapons, arms, and assemblage of more than five persons in the affected areas. The order remains in force for 15 days from to-day.

ROUND UP IN CITY

The organiser of the Rath Jatra procession has been taken into custody by the police. Rounding up of undesirable elements in the city is continuing. Over seventy have so far been arrested. A number of persons have been taken into custody for breach of the Curfew Order.

The Magistrate assisted by police pickets are intensively patrolling the city and the situation is normal.—A. P.

U. T. C. TO BE RAISED BY 50 PER CENT.

Bombay Government asks For Lakh And A Half For 'Karnatak' Plane.

BOMBAY, July 8.

An official announcement that all U. T. C. Units in the Bombay Province will be raised by 50 per cent will be shortly made, said H. E. Sir Roger Lumley Governor of Bombay, in the course of his address to the Belgaum District War Committee during the week-end.

"KARNATAK" PLANE.

His Excellency at the meeting suggested that the four Karnatic districts should combine to subscribe one and a half lakh of rupees to the war gift fund for a war plane to be known as "Karnatak".

"There is a great feeling of fellowship to think that we are working together to foster a great cause and you may be quite convinced of this—that Great Britain and the British Empire are going to fight on until victory is won and I am quite sure that victory will be secured", said His Excellency.—A. P.

SUPPORT TO STRONG HAND

Jullundur Address To Punjab Premier: Sikandar To Join Civic Guards

JULLUNDUR, July 8.

In the course of addresses of welcome presented to Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab at a largely attended public meeting in Jullundur today support was voiced for his "strong and just" policy of safeguarding the peace and order of the Province.

The Premier replying to the addresses reiterated his Government's determination to suppress with strong hand by subversive activity, which may endanger the peace of the province at the present critical stage. He assured the audience that adequate arrangements had been made in all districts for this purpose.

Referring to the Civic Guards for the Punjab he announced that he was himself going to join it.

Sir Sikandar was presented with a purse of Rs. 61,810, as Jullundur District's contribution to the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund.—A. P.

LETTERS TO PERSONS IN ENEMY TERRITORY

SIMLA, July 7.

Letters and postcards, provided that they do not contain correspondence on business matters and are not addressed to internees or prisoners of war, may be sent to persons in enemy territory through Messrs. Thomas Cook and Sons Limited, who have been authorised to make arrangements for the transmission of such correspondence.—A. P.

JAMNAGAR BOHRAS' SUPPORT TO WAR.

JAMNAGAR, July 8.

A mass meeting of the Bohra community of Jamnagar presided over by Sheikh Yusufbhai Amil was held here yesterday evening, when it was unanimously resolved render assistance to His Majesty's Government by subscribing to the War Loan and War Gift bonds and by enlisting in the Civic Guards.—A. P.

FACILITIES TO BRING FAMILIES FROM U. K.

SIMLA, July 8.

A Press Communique says that arrangements are being made, subject to exigencies of the military situation and to availability of shipping, to facilitate conveyance to India of the children of persons, both official and non-official Europeans and Indians, who normally reside in India and wish to bring their families out to this country.

Parents residing in India who wish to bring their children from England to India should instruct their representatives in the United Kingdom by cable to register the names of children with the Secretary of the Passage Department, India Office, as soon as possible.—United Press.

HITLER-CIANO MEETING

"Offensive Against England" Discussed

ROME, July 8.

COUNT CIANO LEFT BERLIN BY TRAIN IN THE EVENING TO VISIT GERMAN OCCUPIED TERRITORIES IN THE WEST, SAYS THE OFFICIAL ITALIAN AGENCY.

THE TRIP WILL BE OVER THE MOST IMPORTANT SECTIONS OF THE FORMER WESTERN FRONT AND WILL PROBABLY LAST TWO DAYS.

COUNT CIANO IS ACCOMPANIED BY THE CHIEF OF THE PROTOCOL AT THE REICH FOREIGN OFFICE AND SEVERAL HIGH OFFICERS OF THE GERMAN HIGH COMMAND.

Count Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, arrived in Berlin yesterday morning and was received by Hitler soon afterwards.

The Rome correspondent of the "Basler Nachrichten," Zurich, regards it as probable that far-reaching decisions were taken between Count Ciano and Hitler at Berlin and that the following subjects were discussed.

Firstly the means of continuing the war against Britain.

Secondly, effects of the French capitulation.

Thirdly change in the 'status quo' in the Balkans owing to the Russian push westward.

Fourthly, the basis of future European settlement.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Newzuercher Zeitung" states the Ciano-Hitler meeting is probably connected with developments in South-east Eurcpe where "Italy and Germany are equally interested in the peaceful solution of all questions."

He adds it is considered less probable that Count Ciano's visit was connected with the Petain Government's new attitude.

According to the Rome correspondent of the "Baslernachrichten',' Basle, the offensive against England was discussed at the meeting between Count Ciano and Hitler in Berlin today.

The correspondent adds Ireland is naturally the first act in the attack against England and this point was discussed. Other matters, dealt with according to the correspondent, included "common regulation of future continental relations and policies."—Reuter.

47 Killed In Mexico Election Clashes

Machine-Gun Fire In Main Avenue: President's Dash To Restore Calm

MEXICO CITY, July 7.

The death-roll resulting from clashes in Mexico City during yesterday's Presidential election was reliably reported yesterday evening to amount to 30 while in addition more than a dozen persons are said to have been killed in outside States of the Republic. Two Americans were killed.

The total injured throughout the country is Conservatively estimated at 75.

The City is still in a condition of serious upheaval. The military or police are guarding every street corner.

The National Revolutionary Party's headquarters claim that their candidate, General Comacho, has carried 22 States out of 29.

A later telegram says:—

A final account of the election casualties gives the total as 47 dead throughout the Republic.

President Cardenas personally intervened to stop fight in the main avenue after six persons had been killed and 17 wounded by machinegun fire. He reached the leaders of the factions through rushing and fleeing crowds and finally calmed them.—Reuter.

War Supplies To China Through Hong Kong & Burma

Arita Expresses Dissatisfaction At British Reply And Urges Reconsideration

TOKIO, July 8.

Sir Robert Craigie this afternoon communicated to Mr. Arita the British reply to Japanese representations on the transport of materials through Burma and Hongkong.

According to the foreign office spokesman, Mr. Arita expressed deep dissatisfaction with the reply and urged the British Government to reconsider the matter.

Regarding the question of transportation of military materials through Hongkong, the British reply stated that the Hongkong Government had strenuously prohibited such export, and therefore the British Government believed that they were meeting the Japanese demands.

The reply stated the question of prohibiting transportation of military supplies had been considered, but since the Burmese and Indian products were found among such goods, it was naturally difficult to prohibit legal trade, and moreover judging from the last year's record, the rainy season began at the end of June, and consequently the amount of goods transported until September through that territory would not reach even a tenth of the normal quantity.

MONROE DOCTRINE FOR FAR EAST

Japanese View Of Roosevelt's Speech

TOKYO, July 8.

A foreign office spokesman commenting on the suggestion put forward on behalf of President Roosevelt that Europe and Asia should apply the principles of the Monroe Doctrine as a means of reaching agreement on the disposal of possessions of conquered nations, said: "It is such a very important pronouncement that it is better to wait and see, pending he receipt of the full text."

Regarding the statement that in the case of French Indo-China all Asiatic countries should confer and reach a decision, the spokesman expressed the opinion that the United States had no intention of interfering in the disposition of the Netherlands, East Indies or French Indo-China, should a change become necessary in those territories.—Reuter.

HEAVY JAPANESE CASUALTIES

CHUNGKING, July 8.

The War Minister Hoyinching reviewing the Chinese war in the past three years estimated that the Japanese have lost 1600,000 killed and wounded uptil last May, the Chinese had captured 760 field guns, 3,300 machineguns and 69,000 rifles. At the beginning of the war China had two million troops, but now had five million with several millions more under training.—Reuter.

'TRADING WITH ENEMY' CHARGE SHEET WITHDRAWN.

MADRAS, July 8.

The case against Mr. A. D. Wilson, proprietor of the Anglo-French Medical Agency, against whom a charge sheet was laid by the police before the Chief Presidency Magistrate some time back under the Defence of India Act for his alleged attempt to trade with an enemy firm, was withdrawn to-day.—A. P.

Craigavon Meets Churchill

Position Of Ireland Discussed

LONDON, July 7.

Attention is focused on Ireland's position during the present anxious moments by the visit of Lord Craigavon to-day to London where he had "wholly satisfactory talks with Mr. Churchill and other ministers.

The Ulster Finance Minister, Mr. Andrews, in the course of a speech at Belfast declared that if northern Ireland abandoned partition and joined Eire on Mr. De Valera's terms, she would become a neutral instead of being actively engaged, as now, in the fight beside Britain. He added, such neutrality was unthinkable.

CRAIGAVON BACK AT BELFAST.

LONDON, July 8.

Lord Craigavon returned to Belfast this morning after his discussions on defence with British Ministers.

Asked if his talks had anything to do with the suggested Union of North Ireland and Eire, Lord Craigavon replied: "We shall have to concentrate on our own defences and make them perfect."

Big Fire In Stockholm Barracks

LONDON, July 7.

The Swiss radio reports a big fire in the so-called barracks district of Stockholm where there are large munition dumps.

10 Inches Rain In 36 Hours

Baitarni Rises Again: Danger Level Reached

CUTTACK, July 8.

The Baitarni is reported to be rising again rapidly at the rate of six inches per hour. The flood already reached the danger level by 6 o'clock this morning. So far, however, no breaches of railway lines recently repaired near Kenduapada have occurred.

Cuttack recorded ten inches of rainfall during the last 36 hours. —A. P.

Death Penalty For Distributing Newspapers

VICHY, July 8.

According to an Angoulemo despatch to the Havas Agency the Prefect of the Department of Charente informed news agents that death penalty would be carried out on all persons introducing or distributing in the occupied zone in France newspapers printed outside the zone.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, July 8.

It is understood that Dr. N. Das, Ph. D., I. C. S., Employment Adviser to the Government of Bengal, has been appointed Deputy Agricultural Marketting Adviser to the Government of India.

Dr. Das will be succeeded by Mr. Keith Cotton Roy, I. C. S., Sub-Divisional Officer, Kalimpong, about the end of this month.—A. P.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

N. Y. COTTON FIVE POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940
New York July 8

Previous closing	9.45
To-day's opening	9.45
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	9.40
Difference	—05

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August	Rs. 157-8
Broach April/May	Rs. 182-0

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940
Liverpool, July 8

Previous closing	7.09
To-day's opening	7.16
Difference	+07
To-day's closing	7.12
Difference	+03

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 8

New York cotton showed decidedly improved sentiment following bullish Bureau report which induced fairly good local and speculative buying.

The trading in October began at 9.45 i.e. unchanged from the last closing. Prices advanced on general buying and covering influenced by Bureau figures with October touching 9.60.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—

July Old (9.85/83) 9.81/80
October (9.36/36) 9.45/44
December (9.24/24) 9.32/32

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS
London, July 8

Castorseeds July/August (£18 1/8) £18 1/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£16 7/8) £16 7/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£16) £16

JUTES

Dundee August (£34 3/4) £34 3/4
Lightning August (£32) £32

RUBBER

Spot (12 5/8d paid and buyers) 12 5/8d value
Forward October December (11 1/2d paid and value) 11 5/8d paid and buyers

METALS.

Tin (£266 buyers; £266 1/2 sellers. Steady) £264 1/4 buyers £264 3/4 sellers. Easier
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 8

Previous closing	3.77
To-day's opening	3.76

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 8

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, July 8

Previous closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening	Not quoted
To-day's closing	Not quoted

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 8

The following are the opening quotations :—

General Motors (dol 43) dol 43
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 19 3/4
U S Steel Common (do. 51 1/4) dol 52 1/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, July 8

The following cable was received from London :—

Message mutilated.

LONDON SILVER
London, July 8

Spot (21 11/16d) 21 11/16d nil
Forward (21 9/16d) 21 5/8d +1/16

LONDON GOLD
London, July 8

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 8

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

Franc was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.78

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 3/4 to 0-4 1/4) 0-3 3/4 to 0-4 1/4
London on Kobe (1-3 5/16 to 1-3 13/16) 1-2 15/16 to 1-3 7/16

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, July 8

There was no trading during the night session.

NEWSPRINT MANUFACTURE IN INDIA

Preliminary Survey Of Resources In Raw Materials

SIMLA, July 8.

Hopes of producing Newsprint in India are entertained in informed circles.

Dr. Bhargava of the Forest Research Institute, it is stated, is engaged in conducting a preliminary survey of the extent of raw material available in the country for the manufacture of Newsprint.

It is understood that Kashmir, for instance, produces fir cones which can be used for this purpose, while in some parts of the United Provinces, particularly in Upper Himalayas, above ten thousand feet, other raw products are available which may be similarly used.

It is also suggested that by mechanical processes any kind of wood can be converted into pulp for manufacture of Newsprint.

As regards other kinds of paper, it is learned that India is already producing them and there are no apprehensions about supplies of these.—A. P.

COAL FIND IN KARACHI DIST.

KARACHI, July 8.

It is reported that a coal mine has been discovered in the bed of a river about six miles from Jhampir in Karachi District. The coal is stated to be useful for the manufacture of tar and gas. The excavations have cost a private prospecting firm a sum of Rs. 20,000.—United Press.

JAWAHAR FOR ALLAHABAD.

NEW DELHI, July 8.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left for Allahabad to-night.—A. P.

ALIGARH DUTY SOCIETY

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai Gives Donation Of Rs. 500

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai has donated a sum of Rs. 500 to the Duty Society of Aligarh University. The Vice-Chancellor and pro-Vice-Chancellor of the University have sent a letter of cordial thanks to Mr. Desai for the donation.

LITERACY WEEK IN WORLI

A literacy week was inaugurated at Worli under the auspices of the Telugu Seva Sangh, by Mr. K. T. Mantri, Special Literacy Officer on Sunday morning. Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier and President of Adult Educttion Committee sent a message on the occasion wishing the Campaign success.

Messrs. N. C. N. Acharya and S. L. Silam on behalf of the Sangh explained the significance of the Week. They announced that members of the Seva Sangh would do chawl to chawl propaganda during the week.

Mr. K. T. Mantri congratulated the Seva Sangh and promised his support to the project of the Sangh in educating the illiterate. He also suggested that a census should be taken of the residents in the area.

In conclusion, he made an appeal to the public to contribute their might to the literacy Campaign started in the city.

Prof. R. Pratapgiri and Mr. Mallik also addressed the workers present.

Mr. B. H. Rao proposed a vote of thanks.

HAUL OF ARMS IN FRONTIER.

PESHAWAR, July 8.

Khyber Khassadars are reported to have effected a large haul of arms when they captured 59 rifles from a batch of tribesmen on Mullagori-Shilman road. The arms were being taken to the Mohmand area from Afridi territory.

Another haul of arms is reported from Kohat district.—A. P.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, July 8

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 8

The London Stock Exchange was quietly steady.

INDIAN LOANS
London, July 8

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72) £72 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/8) £99 3/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/2) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99) £99 1/4
New War Loan (£99 3/4) £99 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109) £109

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (7-9) 8-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (30-6) 31-3
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-3) 5-3
Princhin Johnson (16-6) 16-6
Imperial Chemicals (24-0) 24-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-0) 48-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£29) £29
Dundee Rubber (25-3) 25-3
Unilever Ordinary (21-10 1/2) 20-0
Ford Motors (16-0) 15-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£36) £35
British American Tobacco Ordinary (66-10 1/2) 65-7 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£3 7/8) £3 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (87-6) 85-7 1/2
P and O Def (14-3) 14-6
Distillers (56-0) 57-3
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-3) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (27-6) 27-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (25-6) 25-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (13-7 1/2) 13-7½
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (36-3) 36-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (24-4 1/2) 25-0
Empire of India (17-6) 17-6

JUTE

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-0) 15-0
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-6) 22-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7-0
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (31-3) 31-3
Rand Mines (£5 1/2) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 1/4) £12 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (45-7 1/2) 46-3
Trinidad Leasehold (57-6) 57-6
Sub Nigel (£7 1/2) £7 3/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (16-10 1/2) 17-6
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Anglo India (36-3) 35-0
Burma Oil (45-0) 44-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (3-3) 3-1 1/2
Shell Transport (38-1 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28 1/4) £29
London Midland Ordinary (£12 1/4) £12 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 3/4) £1 3/4
London Southern Def £9 3/4) £10 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£110 1/2) £111
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

NEW CHIEF OF SUSPENDED B. P. C. C.

CALCUTTA, July 8.

Prof. Jyotish Chandra Ghosh was elected President of the suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting of the Executive Council of the Congress Committee this evening, in place of Mr. Rajenda Chandra Deb, who was arrested on Friday under the Defence of India Rules.

The President and the Secretary of the Provincial Committee were authorised to nominate their successor in case of an emergency.—A. P.

INTERRUPTION OF TRAFFIC ON M. S. M. RAILWAY.

BOMBAY, July 8.

The District Transportation Superintendent, M. & S. M. Railway, Hubli, wires to say that interruption of through running of trains on the Londa-Marmugao Section at 42|10|11 between Sonaulim and Collem is likely to continue for about two weeks. Transhipment of Nos. 29 and 30 is being arranged.—United Press.

MACROPOLO TO RE-OPEN.

SIMLA, July 8.

It is learned that the controller of Enemy Property has permitted the firm of D. Macropolo to re-open under the management controlled by him. The property of the firm and its branches were vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property on Saturday last.—A. P.

MAHATMA AT WARDHA

A. I. V. I. Board To Meet On July 18

WARDHAGANJ, July 8.

Mahatma Gandhi and Seth Jamnalal Bajaj arrived this evening by the Grand Trunk Express from Delhi after the Working Committee meeting.

The All-India Village Industries Board meets at Wardha on July 18 when Gandhiji is expected to attend.—A. P.

FRONTIER GANDHI EXPLAINS

(Continued from page 8)

no change in their policy and their creed would continue to be non-violent. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan was convinced that the method of non-violence could safely be extended to the defence of our country.—A. P.

"NO POINT IN HIS DEMAND"

"Statesman" On Mahatma's Advice To Britain

CALCUTTA, July 8.

Commenting on Mahatma Gandhi's proposal for a complete surrender of Great Britain and India to Hitler and Mussolini, the "Statesman" asks what the attitude of the Congress majorities, which still exist in the legislature, is towards the defence of the country, and how many of them subscribe to this doctrine and are prepared to invite Hitler in.

Referring to Mahatma Gandhi's simultaneous demand that Britain must be pressed for complete independence, the paper says that it has been hitherto suggested that if only Britain would finally recognise India's full right to self-determination, all parties, including the Congress, would cheerfully join in ranging India alongside Britain in a common war effort against the aggressors.

But Mr. Gandhi has shattered that dream. What is the point of demanding independence from Britain in order to be able to surrender to Hitler? Does the Congress associate itself with this demand for a purely fictitious and ephemeral independence?

The paper adds that it can find no sure basis of reasoning anywhere in the "tangle of inconsistencies that Mr. Gandhi puts forth week by week." Indians are looking for leadership so as to be able to look the whole world in the face, do honourable work, build up industries, have their own flyers, and have their ships; and the party which toys with this surrender policy is doomed.—A. P.

STATESMANLIKE RESOLUTION

MADRAS, July 8.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, Mayor of Madras, has issued the following statement to the Press: "The Working Committee of the Indian National Congress have unanimously passed a practical and statesmanlike resolution. Every hour counts. I do earnestly hope that the British Government will unhesitatingly accept the resolution. The Anglo-Egyptian Treaty affords a complete analogy."

Director Of Civil Aviation

KARACHI, July 8.

It is understood that Lt. Commander Watt, Chief Aerodrome Officer, Karachi, will officiate as Director of Civil Aviation vice Mr. F. Tymms, who is proceeding to America to represent India on the Greenly Mission.

Mr. Chakrabarty Aerodrome Officer, Dum Dum, will act as Chief Aerodrome Officer, Karachi, in place of Commander Watt.—A. P.

Anti-Gas And A. R. P. Training For Khaksars

PESHAWAR, July 8.

The Frontier Khaksars are organising a Provincial Camp on the Indus Bank near Attock.

Arab Sher Akbar Khan, Salari-i-Khan of the Khaksars in this province is busy making arrangements.

It is understood that besides drills and other exercises the Khaksars will, for the first time, undergo training in A. R. P. and anti-gas measures.

The Khaksars have been asked to bring emergency rations for eight days from their homes.—A. P.

Rajkot Dewan Resigns

More Administrative Changes In State Likely

RAJKOT, July 8.

Mr. N. N. Anklesaria, Dewan of Rajkot State tendered his resignation to-day.

Several changes in the State Administration are expected to take place shortly.—A. P.

PROTESTS AGAINST SUBHAS ARREST

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, July 8.

With a view to protest against the arrest of Babu Subhas Chandra Bose the main gold, silver and cotton markets of Sarafa Bara Sarfa and Cotton market remained closed for a day in Indore city.

PT. MISRA ARRESTED

Pandit Shivnandan Misra has been arrested by the Indore Police under Defence of India Act for publishing a Handbill asking 17 questions from the Holkar Government regarding the present political situation and Administration of the State. The Police has obtained remand and Pt. Misra has been sent to Central Jail.

HUNGER-STRIKE GIVEN UP

On receiving assurance from the Jail authorities, it is reported that Mr. Ratanlal Upadhyay, a political prisoner, in Indore jail has given up his hunger-strike after six days.

Owing to weakness and loss of weight Mr. Upadhyay is kept in the Jail hospital.

NADIAD PROTEST AGAINST ARREST OF SUBHAS

MALAD, (By Mail.)

At the general meeting of the Nadiad Municipality an adjournment motion was moved by Dr. Balubhai Bhatt, a Municipal Councillor to protest against the arrest of Deshgaurav Subash Chandra Bose. The motion was passed unanimously.

Khulna Protests Against Bose's Arrest

CALCUTTA, July 7.

A meeting organised at Khulna at Gandhi Park to protest against the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was dispersed by the police, and two arrests were made under the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

MADRAS CORPORATION AND SUBHA'S ARREST.

MADRAS, July 8.

Mr. G. Rajamannar and eleven other Councillors of the Madras Corporation have submitted a requisition to the Mayor, Mr. S. Satyamurthi, M. L. A. (Central), to convene a special meeting of the Council of the Corporation to consider a resolution appreciating the unique services rendered by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose as the Mayor, Alderman and Councillor of the Calcutta Corporation, and condemning the action of the Government in arresting him at this critical juncture.—United Press.

MUTT AND JEFF—The Old Gray Mare Showed Good Horse Sense, at That — By BUD FISHER

MUTT, YOU'RE NOT SO GALLANT AS WHEN I WAS A GIRL!
YOU'RE NOT SO BUOYANT AS WHEN I WAS A BOY!
GOOD HEAVENS! THIS HORSE HAS NO HEAD!
HER HEAD'S IN BACK OF YOU!
COME, COME, FOOL HORSE! TURN AROUND!
UF-F
I DON'T THINK I'M GONNA LIKE THE IDEA OF REDUCING ON HORSEBACK!
WHAT'S THE MATTER? NO KICK IN IT?
TOO MUCH!
UU
4-2

DAINTY FABRICS CLEANED
WITHOUT RUBBING
SCRUBB'S
The HOUSEHOLD CLEANER
FLUID
KEEP IN A COOL PLACE
SCRUBB'S LIQUID AMMONIA
TRY IT IN YOUR BATH
LONDON
LOOK FOR THE SIGNATURE
Scrubb's in the washing water will clean Silk Stockings and the flimsiest and daintiest of underthings in record time. It loosens the dirt without rubbing, and prolongs the life of the garments, makes and keeps them fresh and fragrant.
Scrubb's cleans without scrubbing.
IT WILL BE A GENUINE SERVICE TO YOUR FAMILY TO—

LET YOUR BABY BUBBLE OVER WITH ENERGY

Signs of abounding energy in a baby mean health and vitality for life. A healthy baby kicks away for all he is worth and tries to grab everything he can lay his hands on.

THE FOOD YOUR BABY MUST HAVE

Your baby needs the right kind of food both for growth and activity. Mother's milk is of course best, but when that is lacking, the alternative is to give cow's milk to which boiled water has been added. Undiluted milk is much too strong for a baby's delicate stomach.

Even when Baby is old enough to take other foods besides his mother's milk, it is better not to give him plain cow's milk at first.

FOOD FOR ACTIVITY

Sugar produces energy and the body must have a special kind of this sugar to make its muscles work. Of this sugar cow's milk contains only half the amount that is found in mother's milk. Adding water to cow's milk therefore gives the muscles less than half the food they need. And then baby has to draw for his action food on the reserves of fat in his little body; he gets thin and weak as a result.

The Right Kind of Sugar for Baby

When ordinary sugar is added to cow's milk and water, it puts a strain on baby's little stomach and often causes wind and other digestive troubles.

KARO SYRUP is the scientifically correct sugar to add to baby's food. With cow's milk and water which has been boiled, KARO makes food as near to mother's milk as you can get.

Ask any doctor if this is not true

Karo SYRUP

FOOD FOR A-C-T-I-O-N

Please write for full advice about feeding your baby to: Dept. B. 6. Corn Products Co. (India) Ltd., P. O. Box 994, BOMBAY.

On The Air

TUESDAY, JULY 9.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (885 kc/s)

8 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 8-5 Krishnarao Shankar Pandit of Gwalior: Classical music. 8-30 J. S. Chowdhury. 8-40 Ghulam Fareed. 8.55 Delhi Radio Orchestra: Tempo beils. 9-15 Mohan Singh. 9-30 Radha Bai. 9-45 Pratap Singh and Party: Bhajans. 7 On the Bookshelf: Review of Hindi books. 7-15 Violin recital. 7-25 Do Ghazalen. 7-45 The Bores. 1: Scholar: Talk. 8 Duets. 8-15 For Villagers only. 10 It has happened or Darbari on Sarangi. 10 5 Krishnarao Shankar Pandit of Gwalior: Classical music. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

8 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Sangeet Mala. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Geet. 9-45 Pratap Singh and Party: Bhajans. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 A Pianoforte recital. 10-25 Dance to the music.

Delhi III—Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8-50 to 7 As in Delhi 2 8-25 to 8-42 As in Delhi 2. 9 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 Khayal, Thumri aur Geet.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Binitwale: Violin recital with Tambora and Tabla. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Ramanand Sharma. 8-30 Sitar and Sarod: Ek Naghma. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 Todi-ki-Tanen. 9-22 Bhajan in Chorus. 12-30 p.m. Sindhi Songs. 12-40 Marathi Pads. 12-50 Gujarati Geets. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ek Par Biji: Programme for women in Gujarati. 1-10 Screen hits. 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Lesson in Eng. and Hindustani. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch Hour Music. Swing and Sway with Sammy Kaye. M. Pierre and his Strict Dance Tempo. School Broadcasts. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 Contemporary World History: Scandinavia: Talk. 4-30 Kannada Songs. 4-45 Kannada life and Literature: Talk. 5 Bai Laxmi Bai of Baroda. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Three Ghazals. 5-45 The A I R Sextet. 5-55 Readings from Gujarati Books. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Master Gordhan: Gujarati songs. 6-25 Bhopali played on Jaltarang. 6-30 Bai Laxmi Bai of Baroda. 7 A Topical talk. 7-15 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 7-25 Shevalkar. 7-30 Melodies from the Movies. 7-45 A Sarod recital. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Mystery in Magic. 1: Talk. 8-45 Darshan-Pyasi: Devotional song. 8-55 Talk of the town 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 Chamber music.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Krishnarao Pulambrikar. 7-40 Allah Rakha. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 R. Ramnathkar. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Paritosh Seal: Film tune on Violin. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-25 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Taki on Sarang. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Master Mohammad. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Ramanand Sharma. 8-15 Master Gordhan. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Ramanand Sharma. 9-10 Listeners' letters. 9-25 Bai Laxmi Bai of Baroda. 10 Qurban-Gah: Historical play in Hindustani.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. Football relay. 6-5 For the children. 6-30 For the children (Contd.) 6-45 A feature programme entitled 'An episode in the late of the Artist Berlioz (Famous French Composer). 7-30 Rajen Sarkar: Clarionet solo. 7-45 Back Ground to the news: Talk in Bengali. 8 Ashalata. 8-20 Harimati. 9 Jharna Dey. 9-55 Kajjan Bhi (Jahanara Begam).

Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 9-40 Hari das Banerjee. 9-55 to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

Economy!

Besides giving you a perfect shave, the Tata Shaving Stick is fitted with a Bakelite grip which enables you to use every particle of soap. The Tata Stick is long-lasting. And how you will enjoy its rich, soothing lather!

Tata
SHAVING STICK
TOMCO SALES DEPT.
P.O. Box 528, Bombay.

FIRE AT JUHU

Loss Estimated At About Rs. 1,000

JUHU, July 7.

About four tile-roofed cottages from the southernmost end of the Juhu seashore a small shack thatched with cocoanut dry leaves caught fire at about 6-30 on Sunday evening.

It is understood from talks with the spectators there that the fire took place on account of some fuse-wire getting burnt.

People say that the loss is estimated at about Rs. 1,000.

FACILITY FOR CASHING CURRENCY NOTES.

The President of the Parle-Andheri Municipality has issued the following Public Notice:—

The Public are hereby informed that arrangements for encashing five rupee currency notes have been made at the Municipal Offices at "Nehru Road" in Vile-Parle and at "Gazdar Hall" in Andheri during 8-30 and 11 a.m., every day. Not more than one note of Rs. 5 will be cashed by any one person on any day.

This arrangement has been made through the good offices of Rai Sahib Motilal Agrawal, J.P.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

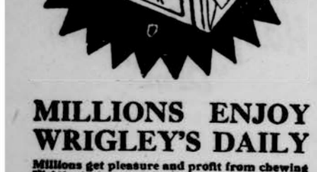
	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	6-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-18	21-15
	*(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-0

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.



MILLIONS ENJOY WRIGLEY'S DAILY

Millions get pleasure and profit from chewing Wrigley's gum regularly.

Modern soft food leaves particles between the teeth after eating, causing decay. Wrigley's removes them.

It also brightens the tooth enamel and makes the gums strong. Aids digestion. Buy several packets to-day. Two fascinating flavours. P.K. and SPEARMINT.

P.T.U.

WRIGLEY'S

Contains No Animal Fat.

Unicorn FABRICS
A CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS PRODUCTS
Suitable for all weathers!

- SHIRTING FLANNELS
- VESTS
- KNITTING YARNS
- RUGS
- SPORTS SHIRTS

SAMPLES FROM
UNICORN FABRICS
POST BOX 118 CAWNPORE

Messrs. KAPURCHAND & BROS., 329.31, Kalbadevi Road Opposite Swadeshi Market, BOMBAY 2.

July Liquidation In N. Y. Cotton Market

FOREIGN AND LOCAL BUYING FOR NEW CROP

Market Irregular But Undertone Steady

Bombay: July 8.

On Saturday the New York cotton market was again irregular with July liquidation, but new crop months improved on foreign and local buying. The undertone of the market was very steady.

The market was narrow owing to restricted turnover and there was absence of any important outside business. The Chicago Market eased on professional selling influenced by favourable weather for harvest.

The International Statistical Bureau estimates cotton acreage at 25,500,000 acres and condition 68 per cent of normal indicating a crop of 11 1/2 million bales.

During the last week the special feature was the liquidation of July contracts and relative firmness of new crop months after reports of flood damage in Texas and Oklahoma. These two provinces raise nearly half of the American cotton crop. The dry goods market was dull and there were reports of a higher Government loan on the growing American cotton crop. It is the concensus of opinion that the continuance of the cotton export subsidy for the next official year will have very little influence on American shipments for which prospects are discouraging owing to the loss of the Continental markets. The progress of the American new crop is about normal.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York Market opened irregular. There was trade covering and spot house buying meeting further July liquidation and Southern hedging as well as New Orleans selling. Later on there was price fixing and Japanese buying.

The market opened at about the highest level of the day at a decline of one point with July 9.85. There was increased selling and July declined to 9.77, which was the lowest level. New crop months are very steady with improved buying. July closed at a loss of 8 pts but other months gained 6 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 25 points at 10.71c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also irregular with increased selling in July but distant months were very steady. The market closed at a decline of 13 points to a rise of 10 pts. Spot cotton was unchanged at 10.55c per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest 9.85—01 (10 a.m.); lowest 9.77—09 (11-56 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—July liquidation. Local and foreign buying new crops. Undertone steady.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay: July 8.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Durban Maru of 4362 reg tons Capt G Ohara arrived from Yokohama with general cargo.

Volkart Bros Norwegian s s Hoegh Merchant of 2920 reg tons Capt J Baatlaksen arrived from Port Okha with general cargo.

Caltex (India) Ltd American M V China of 6545 reg tons Capt G Kruger arrived from Townville in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessel is booked for loading on 8/7/1940:—

American s s President Monroe.

IMPORTS

Bombay, July 8

966 bales overissued newspapers; 230 cases flit (insecticide); 25 bundles flit say; 20 cases nujol; 27 pkgs fire clay; 300 drums glucose; 88 cases copper rods; 17 pkgs cotton fents; 30 cases apple juice; 237 drums carbide of calcium; 106 casks potash carbonate; 73 bundles leather belting; 141 bales old newspapers; 110 ise loose springs; 80 boxes helper springs; 60 bales secondhand clothing; 83 rolls kraft duplex paper; 439 rolls news print paper; 100 ctns welding rods; 28 ctns toilet preparations; 465 ise rubber pneum tyres; 293 pkgs auto parts; 112 cases tin plate waste; 58 pkgs refrigerators and parts; 1550 pcs steel gas pipe; 2252 bundles steel gas pipe.

EXPORTS

40 bales ctn pcegoods B Balwant and Co; 200 bales ctn waste M Chandulal and Co; 22 bales win carpets M Mackenzie and Co; 35 bales raw cotton N Rajaram and Co; 5364 bags gr nut kernals Ralli Bros; 859 bags gr nut kernals M Bhuta and Co; 1230 bags linseed M Bhuta and Co; 5279 bags linseed L Dreyfus and Co; 1000 bags gr nut kernals S M Rajgor and Co; 1210 bags linseed bold Bachhraj Factories Ltd; 764 drums castor oil A Hargovindas and Co; 40 bales cotton pcegoods Ralli Bros Ltd; 11 bales cotton pce goods Manekji and Co; 160 bags gum E Mavji and Co; 100 bales ctn waste clean Sapt T Products (India) Ltd.

PIECEGOODS AND YARN.

Bombay: July 5.

The Millowners' Association, Bombay, has issued the following average quotations for local made piecegoods and yarns:—

PIECE GOODS:

Grey, Unbleached—

	Per lb. Rs.as.ps.
Longcloth (Standard Quality)	0 10 4
Longcloth (Fine Quality)	1 0 3
Shirtings	0 9 9
Shirtings (Vegetable Quality)	0 9 3
Leopard Cloth	0 9 10
Dhoties (upto 1/2" nakhi Border)	0 10 0
Dhoties (Calcutta, 5/8" P.B.)	0 15 11
Drills	0 9 1
Domestics	0 9 1
Domestics	0 8 11
Salita	0 9 6
Chadars	0 9 11

White Bleached—

	Per Piece
Longcloth	12 0 0
Drill	9 5 0

Yarn—

	Per lb.
8 1/2s.	0 5 8
10 1/2s.	0 6 2
12 1/2s.	0 6 6
16s.	0 8 0
20s.	0 8 5
24s.	0 9 5
32s.	0 10 6
40s.	0 11 2
60s.	1 0 5

Cotton Seed Duty Reduced

(From A Correspondent.)

INDORE, July 6.

The Holkar Government have reduced the export duty on cotton seed to the normal rate of Rs. 1-2-0 per mani with effect from July 8.

The Holkar Government have ordered the immediate removal of the export duty on grass.

D. L. B. TO GIVE TWO LAKHS FOR WAR

MASULIPATAM, July 6.

A contribution of over two lakhs under various heads to the War Purposes Fund of H. E. the Viceroy and purchase of defence bonds is proposed in a special resolution tabled by the Rajah of Challapalli, M.L.A., to the Kistna District Board, which is meeting shortly at Kaikalur. It is expected that the Board will carry the resolution.—A. P.

PESHAWAR—The Frontier CID Police have arrested one Khaksar of Nowshera Kalan on the charge of espionage on behalf of the Khaksars of Lahore.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: July 8.

Following a rise of 10 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 168/8 for Broach A/M. delivery, but in view of latest news in connection with Indian political situation from Delhi the market opened easy at Rs. 165, but advanced to Rs. 167 with moderate buying.

The first Bureau report indicating area under cotton cultivation over the U.S.A. Belt will be issued to-day and naturally there was some disposition to await it. The tenders issued last week have not finally undergone all formalities and while the market opinion is a bit mixed at present there is more inclination to be cautious pending further developments. There was scattered selling and prices steadied at Rs. 166/8.

Later on there was more selling and prices declined to Rs. 184/8. Liverpool opened at a rise of 7 points and in the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 185. Later on Liverpool was 6 pts up, but in the local market prices declined to Rs 182/8. At this level there was some support and prices steadied. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach July/August	Rs. 158/0
F G M G Broach April/May	Rs. 182/8
Fine M G Oomra July	Rs. 146/0
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jan	Rs. 158/8
F G M G Bengal July	Rs. 120/8
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jan	Rs. 136/0

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 362 penny points at Exch 1/6

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 235 penny points at Exch 1/6

Broach J/A below New York July 352 cent points at Exch 331

Broach A/M below New York May 166 cent points at Exch 331

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay: July 8.

	To-day.	Total
Broach	800	18250
Bengal	Nil	7150
Oomra	50	4250

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: July 6.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 3 p.m.
Broach J/A	161 1/2	156 3/4	161 1/2
Broach A/M	187	182 1/2	187
Oomra July	148 1/2	143 1/2	148 1/2
Oomra D/J	163	160 1/8	162 1/4
Bengal July	121	115	119 1/2
Bengal D/J	134 1/2	132	133

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: July 8.

	Rs.as.ps.
Wheat September	0 6 0
Silver Ashad	1 7 0
Gold Ashad	6 11 0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: July 8.

Bengal Fine	124/26
C. P. 1	156/59
C. P. 2	150/52
Berar	149/51
Khandesh	144/46
Jalna/Sailu	145/47
Ahmednagar	142/45
Broach	159/63

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales.	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 6-7-40	7617000	3904000
Receipts yesterday 6-7-40	6000	6000
Export to date 6-7-40	6331000	3474000
Stock at Ports 5-7-40	2462000	1917000
Stock at interior towns do	2067000	2488000
Stock at Liverpool 5-7-40	400000	693000
Visible supply 5-7-40	.....	4922000
Quantity in sight do.	13587000	9365000
Quantity out of sight 5-7-40	.....	10068000

Bombay Cotton Statistics

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 4th July 1940 (by rail and sea) 1,725,589

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 4th July 1940 (by road estimated) 339,387

Total 2,064,976

Same time last year 2,636,070

Exports from 1st Sept 1939 to 6th July, 1940:—

	1939-40	1938-39
United Kingdom		59,398
Continent		228,383
China		367,610
Japan		747,155
Coast Ports		31,687
U. S. A.		426
Total		1,434,659

Figures of exports stocks and mill consumption and also of imports of foreign cotton into Bombay are not available.

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Upcountry from 1st Sept. 27th June 1940 1,429,386

Same time last year 1,716,811

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: July 8.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup. Fine	F.G.	Good.
M G Bengal U P	129	126	123	120
M G Punjab	129	126	123	120
M G Rajputana	136	133	130	127
M G Oomra No. 3	156	164	151	148
M G C. P. No 1	167	165	162	159
M G C. P. No 2	160	158	155	152
M G Broach No. 2	167	165	163	160
M G Punjab Ame.	198	196	194	191
M G Surat	221	219	217	214
M G Rajpipla	214	213	211	208
M G Navsari	226	224	222	219

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: July 8.

The market opened higher but receded towards the close with prices standing almost at their previous closing levels. Tata Deferreds which opened at 1760, were done up to 1770 declining later to 1745. The Ordinaries opened at 337/8 and after touching 339, came down to 335. Textiles ruled better. Bombay Dyeings and Bombay Burmas were transacted at 910 and 535 respectively.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1745) 1760 1770 1745

Tata Ordinaries (336/8) 337/8 339 335.

Tata Ordinary 335; Tata Deferred 1745; Indian Iron 25/4; Bombay Dyeing 907/8; Century 250; Central India 250; Kohinoor 345; Associated Cement 113; Bombay Burma 535; Scindia Steam 18/6; Tata Hydro 182/8; Reserve Bank 98; Imperial Bank F P 1422/8 Central Bank 32/4; Bank of India 131/8; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 86/4.

DELIVERY OF SHARES

Following delivery slips have been issued to-day:—

Tata Ordinaries 725; Tata Deferreds 50; Bombay Dyeings 15; Simplexes 10; Associated Cements 25.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: July 8.

On Saturday all London markets were closed and the free sterling was quoted at 3.77 at New York. In the local market there was increased realising during the last few days and the undertone was fairly good. To-day the market was steady with a slightly improved buying for silver and price advanced to Rs. 62/5. Gold was also steady with scattered buying. Recently there had been good demand for silver for interior market and rail dispatches were large. The tone of the market is good.

Quotations were as under:—

Gold Ready Rs. 41/13; Silver Ready Rs. 62/10

Gold Ashad Rs. 41/12; Silver Ashad Rs. 62/5

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 5/7/1940 were as under:—

Number of cheques 1,05,697. Amount of cheques Rs. 15,06,96,815/7/0.

Steady Tone On Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA: July 8.

The market opened after the week-end with a healthier undertone. Railways and Preference issues of first class stocks were in particular request and good many of them changed hands at gradually hardening rates. Government Securities also fetched better prices than their last closing.

Following are the closing quotations:—

Government Securities: 3 per cent new loan 1963/65 83/13 (85/13); 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 86/6; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 99 s lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/53 100/8/6; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 107/2; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 100/6 s odd lot; 4 per cent Punjab bonds 1948 101/6.

Railways: Ahmadpur Katwa Rly 67/8; Bankura Damodar Rly 87; Burdwan Cutwa Rly 85; Bukhtiarpur Bihar Rly 44 s lots; Ghaparmukh Silghat Rly 86; Katakhal Lala Bazar Rly. 89; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Rly (Guaranteed) 99.

Jutes: Adamjee pref 132 s lot; Calidonian pref 152/8; Craig pref 33; Hukumchand pref 78 s lot.

Miscellaneous: Bengal Chemical pref 15/14; Kumardhubi Eng pref 81; Steel Corpn pref 99; B I Corporation pref 149/8; Orient Paper pref 84 ex div.

Tea: Moheema Pref 10/10.

Debentures: 5 1/2 per cent Hukumchand Jute (third mortgage) 101 s lot.—A. P.

HAPUR WHEAT MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR: July 6.

During the week under review the local wheat market remained quiet to steady. Although the price movements were confined to an anna range of 2/12/6 to 2/13/6 the undertone towards the close was particularly cheerful. For most of the session there was very little doing in the markets. Big dealers are hesitant for some time past. In the absence of any clear indication of the political developments in near future, the general disposition is not to enter into long and big commitments. There was an improvement both in the spot and forward demand. The buyers are evidently making hopes on the paucity of the present stocks in the different centres as also locally on the deficient rain prospects and better oversea cables on the partial failure of the European crops. They also feel that prices have fallen sufficiently low and that the continuance of the war would prevent further loss in prices. The bears on the other hand have present favourable weather very pessimist export prospects and falling cotton and other seed prices on their side. Weather and political developments would pull the markets to their side for the present.

At Hapur Bhadon opened at 2/12/6 3/4 on Saturday last. By Wednesday afternoon it did not rise above 2/13 and did not fall below 2/12/6. On Wednesday there was slight improvement on good demand both for ready wheat and speculative coverings which led to a steady improvement in the prices to 2/13/6. This tendency continued on Thursday when highest for the week touched 2/13/8 1/4. The market closed last night at 2/13/6 3/4. There is no business to-day on account of Amavashya.

Weather during the week was rather stormy and on some days thunder showers were also received. These have led to the ploughing for the next crop. Arrivals have been reduced to a daily average of 1000 maunds. The present stock is put at 748 khattis, while on July 2nd last year it was 839 and in 1938, 846 khattis. In the market red wheat is sold at 14 1/4 seers Punjab No. 518 at 13 5/8 seers, Cawnpore wheat at 13 to 13 1/4 seers per rupee.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: July 8.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales. 6-7-40.	Since 1st Septr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh	55,579	38,685
Central India	109,361	224,121
Barsi and Nagar	114,118	92,231
Hyderabad-Gaorani	47,970	4,474
Berar	318,400	162,284
Central Provinces	76,962	38,096
Total Oomras	722,390	559,861
Dholera	89,297	276,238
N.-W. Provinces	26,048	8,721
Rajputana	35,828	74,549
Sind-Punjab 130	360,022	326,513
Broach	407,930	414,409
Coompta & Dharwar 39	48,391	142,665
Westerns-Northerns 5	34,730	91,694
Cocoanada	86	93
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,390	2,631
Persian	.....	.....
American	.....	.....
Egyptian, African and Sudan	.....	.....
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	.....	.....
Total 174	1,725,512	1,897,380
Arrived by road to 4th July.		
1940	339,387	.....

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 8.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 92-10
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-4
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 93
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 86-8
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 100-1
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 98-14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 104-8
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-6
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans 85-10

TAX-FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 107-2
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 105
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117-8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B. P. T. 1947 98 8
4 per cent M. Deb. 1947 98
5 per cent M. Deb. 1959 106
6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 112-8
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956 113

Tone: Steady to firm.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: July 8.

B. C. RATES —

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 8th January

LONDON:—

Banks selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 8th January

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 8th January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Bank's selling T T 333

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Banks selling T T 86 5/8 nominal

Banks buying T T 81 5/8 nominal

Banks buying 60 days 80 7/8 nominal

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 56

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 1/2

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 24 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 167 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 8th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/4 1/4 8th inst.

New York/London 3.77 6th inst.

London/Java 7.58/62 6th inst.

London/New York 4.02 1/32 6th inst.

London/Paris 176 1/2-3/4 6th inst.

London/Switzerland 17.75/85 6th inst.

London/Stockholm 16.85/95 6th inst.

London/Japan 1/3 7/16 6th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet

Gold £8 8-0 6th inst.

Gold £8/8/0 6th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 11/16 5th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 11/16 6th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 9/16 5th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 9/16 6th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 5th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 6th ints.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 5th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 6th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 5th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 6th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	15
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	49
Amr Pow and Lt 6 per cent Pfd	43 3/8
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	29
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 1/8
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	60 1/4
Amr Tel and Tel	160 1/8
Int Tel and Tel 1952 Debs	28 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	180
Western Union Telegraph	17 1/4
New York Central R R	12
Great Northern Pfd	23
Union Pacific	81
Chesapeake and Ohio	37
Australian 5 per cent 1955	46
Columbia Gas	5
United States Steel	51 7/8
Bethlehem Steel	75
National Steel	57
Crucible Steel	29
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 1/4
Republic Steel	17
U. S. Smelting	51
Int Nickel of Canada	23 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	19 7/8
Chrysler Motors	62 1/2
General Motors	43
Socony	8 1/2
Consolidated Oil	6 1/4
St. Oil of N. J.	34
Texas Corporation	38 1/8
National City Bank of N Y	24 1/2

Turnover 130.000 shares

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: July 8.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—

Shipment September F.B.H. ..... Rs. 8/11

Indian Sugars Ready—

Ready ordinary ..... Rs. 17/5 to 17/10

Ready large grain ..... Rs. 17/11 to 18/5

Tone:—Quiet.

PEPPER & GINGER PRICES

Bombay: July 8.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.) Rs.as.ps.

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	80 0 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	81 8 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	85 8 0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt	12 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	16 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt	12 4 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 8.

Yellow Metal Sheet ..... Rs. 56

Copper Sheets ..... Rs. 65

Tone:—Steady.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: July 8.

	Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	39 4 0
Highest	39 14 0
Lowest	38 0 0
Closing	39 0 0
Groundnuts August—	
Opening	30 9 0
Highest	31 2 0
Lowest	30 4 6
Closing	30 11 0
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	25 15 0
Highest	26 0 0
Lowest	25 12 0
Closing	26 14 0

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: July 8.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled fairly steady to-day with a moderate business passing and there was no important change in quotations. During the early part of the session there was active support but later on the market turned quietly steady.

Wall-Street market closed steady on Saturday though business was small. Domestic business news is mostly encouraging but caution is the watchword owing to confusing international background and the imminence of the National Democratic Convention. U. S. Steel shares closed 5/8 up at 51 7/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares closed 1/8 up at 19 3/4 dollars.

In the local market the reactionary feeling in the cotton market under the influence of uncertain Indian political situation discouraged buyers and trading was confined to narrow limits.

There was nothing of any special interest in war news and the market although displayed good undertone, operators were more cautious pending further developments.

In the meantime the Governing Body of the Exchange has asked permission from the Government to amend rules with a view to secure power to fix minimum and maximum prices and establish free market for both investors and speculators. Such permission in present abnormal times will be essential to restore normal trading conditions to provide a continuous market.

Cotton Mill shares were quietly steady but investors are not inclined to take advantage of the existing low prices. The demand for cloth is not encouraging Bombay Dyeing shares closed at Rs. 907/8. Century shares were steady at Rs. 258 while Central India shares changed hands at Rs. 252.

Bank shares were fairly steady and Centrals improved to Rs. 32/8 while Imperials advanced to Rs. 1435. Government Securities were fairly steady with a moderate turnover. Insurance shares were steady with demand for New Indias. Among Hydro Electrics Trams looked up.

Tata Steel shares were very steady and Defds closed at Rs. 1750. Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 337. Bellapurs closed at Rs. 208 and Bombay Steams at Rs. 246/4.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, July 8.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	283 12
250	Bombay Dyeing	907 8
100	Century	258 0
100	Central India	252 0
100	Colaba	129 0
100	Coorla	118 4
250	David	345 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 5 6
100	Finlay	148 0
100	Gokak	177 0
1000	Hindustan	1920 0
100	Indore	37 0
100	Khatau	120 0
100	Kohinoor	345 0
250	Laxmi	475 0
100	Morarji	175 0
50	Model	58 0
50	Mysore	101 0
200	New Great	310 0
100	Oosmanshahi	55 8
100	Phoenix	263 0
25	Sassoon Silk	75 0
1000	Sholapur	2350 0
100	Swadeshi	220 0
100	Swan	147 0
500	Vishnu	1145 0
1000	Western	960 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	92 8
250	Central	32 8
500	Imperial	1435 0
125-500	Imp. Contrys	342 8
50-100	India	129 8
100	Reserve Bank	89 0
5	Union	5 7

CEMENTS

100	Associated	113 0

INSURANCE

100	Empire	610 0
15-100	Jupiter	11 8
20	Mercantile	52 8
15-75	New India	37 8
200	Oriental	3500 0
10-50	Vulcan

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1940

Regd. No. B 1065

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WORKING COMMITTEE SURPRISE

Frontier Gandhi Resigns

Says, He Cannot Co-operate Under Policy Of Restricted Non-Violence

NEW DELHI, July 8.

KHAN ABDUL GAFFAR KHAN HAS SUBMITTED HIS RESIGNATION FROM THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE.

BEFORE LEAVING FOR PESHAWAR THIS MORNING, KHAN ABDUL GAFFAR KHAN MADE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT TO THE 'UNITED PRESS' EXPLAINING THE REASONS FOR THE RESIGNATION:

"From the recent resolution the Working Committee indicate that they are restricting the use of non-violence to fight for India's freedom against a constituted authority. How far and in what manner this will have to be applied in future I cannot say. The near future will perhaps throw light on this. Meanwhile it is difficult for me to continue in the Working Committee and I have resigned from it.

"I should like to make it clear that the non-violence I have believed in and preached to my brethren of Khudai-Khidmatgars is much wider. It affects all our lives, and only this has a permanent value. Unless we learn this lesson of non-violence fully we shall never do away with the deadly feud which has been the curse of the people of the Frontier.

"Since we took to non-violence and the Khudai-Khidmatgars pledged themselves to it we have largely succeeded in ending this feud. Non-violence has added greatly to the courage of Pathans. Because they were previously addicted to violence far more than others, they have profited by non-violence much more.

"We shall never really and effectively defend ourselves except through non-violence. Khudai-Khidmatgars must therefore be worth our name implying 'true servants of God and humanity,' by laying down our lives and never taking any life."—United Press.

No Crisis In Congress Cabinet

Rajendra Prasad On Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan's Resignation

LAHORE, July 8.

"Though fundamental difference has arisen between the members of the Congress Working Committee over the issue of non-violence, there is no likelihood of any further resignation till further developments take place", said Dr. Rajendra Prasad in the course of a press interview on the resignation of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan.

"As a matter of fact", added Dr. Rajendra Prasad, "Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan had taken this decision before the Delhi meeting of the Working Committee. For the present no other member is likely to resign till any action has been taken.—A. P.

AZAD ON 'FRONTIER GANDHI'S' RESIGNATION

NEW DELHI, July 8.

In an interview to the "United Press" Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, said that the resignation of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan had already been accepted by the Congress Working Committee at its meeting in Delhi.

He said that the Working Committee had heard the reasons of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan's resignation with careful attention, and while they were sorry to miss an old comrade at this juncture, they were satisfied because of the high ideal of non-violence which prompted him to resign.

The question of appointing Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan's successor from the Frontier Province is under the consideration of the Congress President.

Mian Iftkharuddin, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, saw Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and discussed the situation in the Punjab arising out of the arrest of Congress workers. Later he met Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and apprised him with the Punjab situation.

Maulana Azad met the Delhi Congress Workers to-day and discussed with them the situation in connection with the suspension of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee. It is learnt that he has decided to appoint a committee which would function as Delhi Provincial Congress Committee for a year.—United Press.

FRONTIER GANDHI EXPLAINS

LAHORE, July 8.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan passed through Lahore this evening 'en route' to Peshawar.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, he said that he had clearly set forth the reasons for his resignation from the Working Committee in a statement issued at Delhi.

He feared that if the A. I. C. C. endorsed the resolution of the Working Committee, there would be no place left for a man like him even in the A. I. C. C. He, however, added that he would continue to serve the country as zealously as before.

Referring to the Khudai Khidmatgar Organisation, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said there would be

(Continued on Page 6, Col. 4.)

Police Raids In Ludhiana

HUNT FOR COMMUNIST WHO ESCAPED FROM CUSTODY: DEFENCE ACT CONTINUES TO TAKE ITS TOLL

LUDHIANA, July 8.

In search of Prof. Abdulla Safdar, an alleged communist who escaped from police custody, a police party raided the house of Pandit Munilal Kalia, M.L.A., yesterday morning. Nothing incriminating was found.

The police also raided the office of the District Congress Committee as well as the houses of some political workers of Jagraon Tehsil.—A. P.

PLACE THEM ON TRIAL

Lahore Protests Against Arrests

LAHORE, July 8.

A demand for placing on trial the political workers who were recently arrested in the Punjab, was made at a public meeting held in Lahore to protest against the arrests. Sardar Sampuran Singh, Leader of the Opposition in the Punjab Legislative Assembly, presided.

A resolution was passed protesting against the arrests and detention of Congressmen and characterising them as an attack on the Congress organisation and a blow to the peace and tranquillity of the province.—A. P.

LAHORE CONDEMNS ARRESTS

LAHORE, July 8.

A resolution was passed at a mammoth meeting of the citizens of Lahore held last night, Sardar Sampuran Singh, Leader of the Opposition, presiding, protesting against the wholesale arrests of Congress and Socialist workers of the Province.

The speakers, among whom were Dr. Mohammad Ashraf and Lala Dunichand of Ambala, a member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, characterised the arrests as a challenge to the Congress and the country.—United Press.

BENGAL STUDENT LEADER ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, July 8.

Mr. Narayan Chandra Varma, General Secretary of the Darbhanga District Students' Federation was arrested this morning at Laharisarai under the Defence of India Rules following a search of his house, according to information received here.

The police also seized some documents of the Federation.

A telegram from Sylhet states that Mr. Bibhuti Chakravarty, a prominent member of the Sylhet District Forward Bloc, has been arrested under the Defence of India Rules in connection with the holding of a meeting in order to record protest against the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.—A. P.

FORWARD BLOC OFFICE RAIDED

CALCUTTA, July 8.

The special branch of the Calcutta Police raided the "Forward Bloc" office in Bowbazar Street this afternoon, and following a two-hour search seized some papers, including the list of members of the 'Forward Bloc', copies of its constitution, several copies of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose's presidential speech at the last All-India Conference of the Bloc at Nagpur and copies of the 46th issue of the Bloc's weekly organ "Forward Bloc". The press where the 'Forward Bloc' is printed was also searched.—A. P.

Labour Organisers Arrested

Messrs. Brishikesh Bannerjee, Chandramasingh, and Kanai Pakrashi, labour organisers, who had been arrested under the Defence of India Rules a few days ago, were acquitted to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, as there was no "prima facie" case against them.

Editors Found Guilty

The editors, printers and publishers of two vernacular weeklies, "Desh" and "Dunia", were found guilty by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, under the Defence of India Rules, and were ordered to be released on admonition.

Th accused were prosecuted on a charge of having contravened, by editorial comments, the Government Order banning publication of reports of the "National Week" celebrations organised by the suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, or statements and activities of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Swami Shajananda Saraswati during the week, or any reference to or criticism of the Government order.—A. P.

TRAMWAY WORKERS' LEADER ARRESTED

MYMENSINGH, July 8.

Mr. Gopal Acharjee, Secretary, Calcutta Tramway Workers' Union, has been arrested here under the Defence of India Rules.—A P.

Congress Workers' Conference Case

DACCA, July 8.

Satindra Chandra Roy, an ex-detenu, was acquitted, while the conviction of Nalidra Sen Gupta, Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, and 15 others was upheld by the Sessions Judge of Dacca, delivering judgment in the case arising out of the Congress Workers' Conference. The judge, however, reduced the sentences of Sen Gupta and others from one year's rigorous to six months' simple imprisonment each.—A. P.

Sardar, Bhulabhai And Kripalani For Bombay

NEW DELHI, July 8.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Acharya Kripalani left for Bombay by the Frontier Mail this morning.—A. P.

64 Satyagrahis Arrested

Muslim And Sikhs In Holwell Monument Removal Agitation

CALCUTTA, July 8

Sixty-four Satyagrahis, including five Sikhs and one Muhammedan, have so far been arrested in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument.

Hamid Khan, a Congress worker of North Calcutta, is the first Muslim to offer Satyagraha. Khan was arrested along with four others in to-day's second batch.

Two more batches were also arrested subsequently, bringing to-day's total to eighteen.—A. P.

SIR NAZIMUDDIN ADAMANT

DACCA, July 8.

The Home Minister, Sir Nazimuddin arrived here yesterday from Barisal.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument, Sir Nazimuddin said that he entirely agreed with the views expressed by the Chief Minister, namely, that the Government was prepared to consider the whole question and to come to a decision as early as possible, and the Government would not be hustled into action by the threats of satyagrahis.—A. P.

SIKHS JOIN SATYAGRAHA

CALCUTTA, July 8.

A novelty was introduced in the Satyagraha movement in connection with the removal of the Holwell Monument this morning when a batch of five Sikhs appeared on the scene and were placed under arrest.

The Satyagrahis arrested till yesterday were all Bengali Hindus.—A. P.

HOLWELL SATYAGRAHIS

CALCUTTA, July 8.

The 17 Satyagrahis, who courted arrest yesterday and the day before, in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument, were placed before the Chief Magistrate who remanded them in custody, adjourning their cases to July 26 and 27.

HUQ HASTENS TO CALCUTTA

NEW DELHI, July 7.

The Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, who was to meet the Congress President this evening, could not do so, as he had to leave for Calcutta suddenly on some urgent business.—United Press.

Savarkar In Bombay

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, returned to Bombay to-day after his interview with the Viceroy in Simla.—A. P.

Country Tired Of This Communal Tug-Of-War

Sir Md. Yakub Supports Sir Sikandar's Move: Appeal To Congress And League: Punjab Premier Defies Jinnah: Correspondence Released

BOMBAY, July 8.

In an interview, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, said that he was still quite unable to discuss any aspect of the present political situation, but as regards the meeting which the Punjab and Bengal Premiers had with Congress leaders at Delhi he said that the Premiers had no authority or permission to discuss or to come to any adjustment over the head of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League. He had not given any permission to either of them to do so regarding Hindu-Muslim settlement.

PUNJAB PREMIER DEFIES JINNAH

Correspondence With League President Released

The interview of Sir Sikander Hyat Khan with Mahatma Gandhi and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad appears to have marked the Punjab Premier's final breakaway from the Muslim League.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the League, expressly required Sir Sikander to adhere strictly to the letter and spirit of the resolution passed by the Muslim League Working Committee in Bombay.

It would appear from the telegrams which passed between Sir Sikander Hyat Khan and Mr. Jinnah, which have been released to the press by Mr. Jinnah, that the leader of the Muslim League would not agree to Sir Sikander's meeting Mr. Savarkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha. He insisted that Hindu leaders should see him (Mr. Jinnah) regarding the Hindu-Muslim question.

As for the desire of Sir Sikander to meet Congress leaders, Mr. Jinnah directed that Sir Sikander may meet them in his capacity as the Premier of the Punjab in connection with the Punjab situation, in his own office.

The following is the text of the telegrams which passed between Sir Sikander and Mr. Jinnah:—

From Sir Sikander Hyat Khan Simla July, 5 "hope no objection to my meeting Mr. Savarkar if opportunity arises. Propose conferring with Congress leaders regarding Punjab situation, arrests."

(Mr. Jinnah's reply:) "Your telegram. I cannot agree your seeing Mr. Savarkar as go between. If he desires to see me he is welcome. Regarding Punjab situation you may at your discretion see Congress leaders as Premier of the Punjab Government at your office or residence. Please adhere strictly to the letter and spirit of the Working Committee resolution. Hindu leaders are welcome to see me regarding Hindu-Muslim question."

COUNTRY TIRED OF THIS TUG-OF-WAR

Sir Md. Yakub Supports Sir Sikandar

MORADABAD, July 8.

The Hon. Sir Mohd. Yakub has issued the following statement to the press:—

All patriotic Indians will welcome the intervention by Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan and Mr. Fazlul Haque and I hope will respond in this spirit. The country is now tired of the communal tug-of-war and the gravity of the crisis through which India is now passing must evoke toleration in any person who speaks for India.

The Congress, claiming to be a non-communal organisation, should take the lead in showing a change of heart and give unstinting measure in meeting the demands of other nationalities in India.

Equally the Muslim League should realise that no combination can turn a minority into a majority. We must all face the fact that unless the leaders of the two great and important parties approach the problem in a spirit of meekness determined to achieve a solution, a revolt against dictatorship is bound to come from within. Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan and Mr. Fazlul Haque may go down in history as great apostles of peace and harmony and saviours of our motherland and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad would have amply justified his position as the President of the Indian National Congress if he succeeds in solving one of the greatest problems which has ever faced the country.—A. P.

RAJEN BABU IN LAHORE

LAHORE, July 8.

Doctor Rajendra Prasad arrived here this morning. He is expected to stay here for a couple of days.—A. P.

Sir Sikandar On Congress Resolution

LAHORE, July 8.

Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab returned to Lahore this evening after meeting Gandhiji and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad at Delhi.

In an interview the Premier declined to make any comment on the Congress Working Committee's resolution but wished that it had been slightly differently worded.

The Premier said that both the Congress and the Muslim League were on the same platform in the matter of defence and their method of approach was also the same, except that their conditions were different.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

I have just heard one of the finest tunes I've ever heard. It is a marching song—an anthem of the people. It is Italian, but anti-Fascist and was in existence before Hitler and Mussolini came to power. It is the song of Liberty and the People—That's why I like it. It is called Avanti Populi—march of the people. How I wish India too had something like it for its National song! Somehow "Bande Matram" is too static for a national song.

The Mexicans are a hot-blooded people. You have an election and the death roll totals 45 with 75 injured. That's what you call the party spirit. In England by comparison you have the public school spirit. No one is hurt, and the best man (Mr. Chamberlain for instance) wins. In the end a million die.

The LL. M. & M. Com Results are just out. There is something select and exclusive about these exams.

The lucky numbers were 5, 8, in the LL. M. exam. and 2, 3, 4 in the M. Com. How different from the Matric where you go down a huge list breathlessly wondering whether your number which is like a ticket in the Goa lottery, has come in.

Overheard at a Society luncheon table.

First lady: "I hear your daughter is engaged to a young man of money and leisure."

Second lady: "Money, yes—But he is a Civic Guard. He just passed his exam with honours".

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

AT CHARLIE'S SUGGESTION, DETECTIVE CASEY TAKES CHAN TO SEE DEE LORING
YES, I'M ALMOST WELL AGAIN - BUT I DON'T KNOW HOW I CAN HELP YOU IN CLEARING UP NORDA NOLL'S MURDER!
HAH! TELL ME, MISS LORING - HOW DID YOU GET SICK ON LOCATION?
IT WAS SHORTLY AFTER LUNCH! YOU SEE, ON LOCATION THE PROPERTY MAN SUPPLIES BOX LUNCHES FOR THE COMPANY -
PLEASE - WHAT DID YOU HAVE FOR LUNCH?
WHY - I'M NOT SURE - OH - I REMEMBER I TOOK A BITE OF A SANDWICH I DIDN'T LIKE - SHRIMP SALAD OR SOMETHING ON RYE - I THREW THE REST TO THE PROPERTY MAN'S CAT!
WELL, I DON'T KNOW WHAT YOU GOT OUT O' THAT!
HAH! NOW IT IS PROPERTY MAN'S CAT I HAVE BIG INTEREST IN! COME!
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